ZOOLOGY

• M. Sc. in ZOOLOGY: FACULTY OF LIFE SCIENCE

• FIRST SEMESTER (ODD SEMESTER)

Eligibility Criteria (Qualifying Exams)	Admission Criteria	Course Code	Course Type	Course (Paper/Subjects)	Credits	Contact Hours Per WeeK		EoSE Duration (Hrs.)			
Exums)						L	Т	Р	Thy	Р	
(dnc	ity	ZOO 101	CCC	Systematics, Biodiversity and Evolution	5	4	2	0	3	0	
(CGZ-Gr		ZOO 111	CCC	Systematics, Biodiversity and Evolution –Laboratory work	2	00	00	3	0	3	
oology	Jniver	ZOO 102	CCC	Principles of Ecology	5	4	2	0	3	0	
hemistry, Botany, Zoology (CBZ-Group) & Chemistry, Geology, Zo	by the U cy.	ZOO 112	CCC	Principles of Ecology-Laboratory Work	2	00	00	3	0	3	
	 Merit List Entrance Test (written or/and oral) if decided b Observance of Reservation Polic 	ZOO 103	CCC	Computational Biology, Biostatistics and Bioinformatics	5	4	2	0	3	0	
		ZOO 113	CCC	Computational Biology, Biostatistics and Bioinformatics Laboratory Work	2	00	00	3	0	3	
		ZOO S01	OSC	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY & COMPUTER APPLICATION: BASICS	6	4	3	00	3	00	
		ZOO A01	ECC/CB	CONSTITUTIONALISM & INDIAN POLITICAL SYSTEM							
		ance Test (v 3) Oi	ZOO A02	ECC/CB	Entomology- Insect Diversity, Society and Evolution Theory						
		ZOO A03	ECC/CB	EMTOMOLOGY- Insect Physiology, Toxicology & Vector Biology	6	4	3	00	3	00	
		ZOO A04	ECC/CB	ENTOMOLOGY- Pest Ecology & Agricultural Entomology							
					TOTAL= 33						

M.Sc. (ZOOLOGY) IST S					
COURS	E CODE: ZOO 101	COU	RSE TYPE: CCC		
COURSE TITLE: Systematics, Biodiversity and Evolution					
	CREDIT:7	HOUR	RS:135		
THEOR	Y: 5 PRACTICAL:2	THEORY:90	PRACTICAL: 45		
	MAR	KS			
	THEORY: 100 (30+70)	PRACTI	PRACTICAL:33		
OBJE concepts	CTIVE: This course is aimed towa related to Systematics, Biodiversity an	rds generating fundamen d Evolution.	ntal knowledge,		
	An overview of evolutionary biolog	y, concept of organic ev	volution during pre-		
-1- urs	and post- Darwin era; evolution and	d molecular biology- a n	new synthesis; from		
0H 8	molecules to life, life originated from RNA, introns as ancient component of				
	∃ ℜ genes.				
-2- urs	The universal common ancestor and tree of life, three domain concept of living				
NIT	kingdom; molecular phylogeny- history, terms, definition and limitations,				
U R	construction of phylogenetic trees using molecular data, construction of				
	phylogenetic trees by using 16S rRNA gene sequences and concept				
	speciation in bacteria.				
3- 112	Molecular divergence and molecula	r clocks and molecular	drive; complication		
NIT. Hou	in inferring phylogenetic trees; origin and diversification of bacteria and				
U 18	archea; diversification of genomes; the nature of bacterial and archeal				
	genomes; origin of genomes by	horizontal gene transfer	r; role of plasmid,		
	transposons, integrons and genomic islands in DNA transfer.				
	Origin and diversification of euka	yotes- origin of cells a	und first organisms;		
-4- urs	early fossilized cells; evolution of eukaryotic cell from prokaryotes- a case of				
UNIT 18Hoi	symbiosis; evolution of eukaryotic genomes; gene duplication and divergence.				

	Mode of speciation- factors responsible for speciation; tempo of evolution;
	systematics- definition and role in biology, biological classification- theories
	and objectives, types of taxonomy, taxonomic diversity- definition and types,
1-5- urs	origination and extinction, rates of change in origination and extinction, causes
INU SHo	of extinction, causes of differential rates of diversification, current status and
	future of biodiversity; human evolution- human evolutionary history; placing
	humans on tree of life; genomics and humanness; current issues in human
	evolution.
	1 Labeling of Commission DNA forms to device and its second if in the
\mathbf{N}	1. Isolation of Genomic DNA from a bacterium and its quantification.
)R]	2. Designing primers for 16S rRNA gene sequence.
M	3. Amplification of 16S rRNA gene sequences by using genomic DNA as well
RY 11)	as by colony boiling method.
TOI	4. Purification of 16S rRNA gene.
(Z	5. Sequence of 16S rRNA gene; editing the sequence, multiple alignments,
BC	construction of phylogenetic trees and interpretation of results.
LA	6. Dot blot hybridization of different eubacterial species and interpretation of results.

M.Sc (Z	DOLOGY)		IST SEMESTER		
COURS	E CODE: ZOO 102	CO	URSE TYPE: CCC		
COURSE TITLE: Principles of Ecology					
	CREDIT:7	HOU	RS:135		
THEOR	Y: 5 PRACTICAL:2	THEORY:90	PRACTICAL:45		
	MARK	S			
	THEORY: 100(30+70)	PRACTICAL:33			
OBJE various o populatic developn	OBJECTIVE: The purpose of the course is to make the students to understand various ecological principles and factors that determine the size and number of population that can co-exist within a specific area. This knowledge is crucial for better development and management of natural resources and global environment.Introduction to ecology, evolutionary ecology, environmental concepts – laws and limiting factors, ecological models. Characteristics of population,				
UNIT-1- 18Hour	population size and exponential growth, limits of population growth population dynamics, life history pattern, fertility rate and age structure Competition and coexistence, intra-specific and inter-specific interaction scramble and contest competition model, mutualism and commensalism, pre- predator interactions.				
s	Nature of ecosystem, production, food webs, energy flow through ecosystem				
UNIT-2- -18Hour	biogeochemical cycles, resilience of ecosystem, ecosystem management. The biosphere, biomes and impact of climate on biomes.				
•	Environmental Stresses and their man	nagement, global clin	matic pattern, global		
warming, atmospheric ozone, acid and nitrogen deposition, c climatic variations. Major classes of contaminants. Uptake					

	Biotransformation, detoxification, elimination and accumulation of toxicants.
	Factors influencing bioaccumulation from food and trophic transfer. Pesticides
4- 1	and other chemical in agriculture , industry and hygiene and their disposal.
17-2 Iou	Impact of chemicals on biodiversity of microbes, animals and plants.
UN 181	Bioindicator and biomarkers of environmental health. Biodegradation and
,	bioremediation of chemicals.
	Biodiversity – assessment, conservation and management, biodiversity act and
LS S	related international conventions. Sustainable development, natural resource
ino S-TI	management in changing environment. Molecular ecology, genetic analysis of
UN 8H	single and multiple population, phylogeography, molecular approach to
Γ	behavioural ecology, conservation genetics.
	Habitat studies:
	1. Physical and chemical characteristics of soil.
	2. Assessing influence of light, temperature and moisture on plant germination
	3. Assessing influence of soil nutrient status on plant germination and growth.
	Community/accounter at diago
	1. Assessment of density, frequency and abundance of plants/animal in a
	community using various techniques i.e. transect, quadrate etc.
ORI	2. Comparison of stands/communities and ordination.
5) M	4. Biomass and reproductive allocation under various environments.
DRY 0111	5. Nutrient uptake and budget for various communities/Food chain assessment.
AT(ZO(6. Decomposition of various organic matters and nutrient release
OR OR	decomposition.
AB	7. Understanding ecosystem succession by studying various stages of
Ι	8 Molecular techniques in laboratory
	9. Insect diversity in soil.
	Landscane studies:
1	1. Principles of GIS, GPS and RS technology.
	 Principles of GIS, GPS and RS technology. Interpretation (visual and automated) of remote sensing information for landscape differentiation
	 Principles of GIS, GPS and RS technology. Interpretation (visual and automated) of remote sensing information for landscape differentiation.

M.Sc (ZOOLOGY) IST SEMEST					
COURSE CODE: ZOO103 COURSE TYPE: CCC					
COL	JRSE TITLE:	Computational Biolog	y, Biostatistics and	Bioinformatics	
	CREI	DIT:7	HOU	RS:135	
THEORY: 5 PRACTICAL:2			THEORY: 90	PRACTICAL: 45	
		MARI	KS		
THEOR	Y: 100 (30+70))	PRACTICAL: 34		
OBJE	CTIVE: Th	ne Purpose of this o	ourse is to make	e the students to	
underst	tand compu	tational biology- Bio	oinformatics & Bi	ostatistics	
	Basic compon	ents of computers-hardy	ware (CPU, input, out	put, storage devices),	
	Software (operating systems), Application software; Introduction to MSEXCEL-				
S	use of worksheet to enter data, edit data, copy data, move data; Use of in-built				
T-1- Oun	statistical functions for computations of mean, S. D., correlation, regression				
INI	coefficients etc., Use of bar diagram, histogram, scatter plots, etc., Graphical tools				
1 26	in EXCEL for presentation of data; Introduction to MS- WORD word processor-				
	editing, copying, moving, formatting, table insertion, drawing flow charts etc;				
	Introduction to Power Point, image and data handling.				
	Biostatistics-	population, sample, varial	ole, parameter, primar	y and secondary data,	
	screening and representation of data, frequency distribution, tabulation, bar				
-2- urs	diagram, histograms, pie diagram, mean, median, mode, quartiles and percentiles,				
UIT. Ho	variance, standard deviation, coefficient of variation; Probability and distributions-				
UN 15,	definition of probability (frequency approach), independent events. Addition and				
	multiplication	rules,			

	Conditional probability, examples- bernoulli, binomial, poisson and normal
	distributions; bivariate data- scatter plot, correlation coefficient (r), properties
S	(without proof), interpretation of r, linear regression: Fitting of lines of regression,
NIT-3- Hour:	regression coefficient, coefficient of determination; hypothesis, critical region, and
	error probabilities, tests for proportion, equality of proportions, equality of means
с 15	of normal populations when variances known and when variances are unknown:
	chi-square test for independence, P- value of the statistic, confidence limits,
	introduction to one way and two- way analysis of variance.
	The era of computerized biology information, review of relevant definitions in
	molecular biology, overview of challenges of molecular biology computing,
S	proteins, secondary structure and folding, RNA secondary structures, introduction
r-4 0 un	to phylogenetic analysis; introduction to bioinformatics; introduction to genomics
IN I	and proteomics databases- nucleic acid sequence database: Genbank, UCSC,
ר -26	ENSEMBL, EMBL, DDBJ, protein sequence databases: Swiss- prot, PDB,
	BLAST, PSI- BLAST (steps involved in use and interpretation of results) and
	HMMER, BLAST vs FASTA, file formats- FASTA, GCG and ClustalW.
	Databank search- data mining, data management and interpretation, multiple
	sequence alignment, genes, primer designing; Protein modeling, protein
	structure analysis, docking, ligplot interactions, phylogenetic analysis with the
-	program PHYLIP, DISTANCES, GROWTREE etc.; introduction to
ID-5 Jou	computational genomics and proteomics- basics of designing a microarray,
UN 1-7	image analysis and normalization, annotations, protein prediction tools- protein
2(secondary structure, molecular modeling, identification and characterization of
	protein mass fingerprint, world- wide biological databases. Introduction to
	programming languages such as "C"

	1. Use of excel sheet for data processing.			
	2. Use of search engines like Scopus, Science direct for reference material collection and management.			
	3. Nucleic acid and protein sequence databases.			
/ORK	4. Data mining for sequence analysis.			
RY W 113)	5. Web– based tools for sequence searches and homology screening.			
ZOO	6. Primer designing for gene amplification and gene cloning.			
ABOR (7. Annotations: ORF finder, Use of ARTEMIS or any other suitable software.			
Γ	8. Construction of phylogenetic trees for DNA and proteins.			
	9. Introduction to microarray technology.			
	10. Identification of peptide finger print by nano LC- MS/MS and database			
	search using MASCOT and OMSSA.			
GGESTED EADINGS	 Principles of Biostatistics, Pagano M., Gauvreau, K, (2000), Duxbury Press, USA Bioinformatics for Dummies, Claverie J. M., Notredame C., (2nd Ed., 2007), Wiley Publishing, Inc., New York, USA Bioinformatics: Sequence and Genome Analysis, Mount, D. W. (2nd Ed., 2001), Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, New York, USA. 			
SU(RF	4. Animal Ecology, Ranga M.M., Agrobios, Jodhpur, India			

M.Sc (ZOOLOGY) **IST SEMESTER COURSE CODE: ZOOS 01 COURSE TYPE: OSC COURSE TITLE: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY & COMPUTER APPLICATION: BASICS CREDIT: HOURS** : 06 90 THEORY: 06 **THEORY:** 90 MARKS : 100 **THEORY:** 70 CCA : 30**OBJECTIVE:** Understands the concept and place of research in concerned subject Gets acquainted with various resources for research Becomes familiar with various tools of research Gets conversant with sampling techniques, methods of research and techniques of analysis of data Achieves skills in various research writings Gets acquainted with computer Fundamentals and Office Software Package . **CONCEPT OF RESEARCH:** Meaning and characteristics of research, Steps in research process, Types of research i) Basic, applied and action research ii) Quantitative and qualitative UNIT 15 Hrs research, Areas of research in concern discipline **SELECTION OF PROBLEM FOR RESEARCH :** Sources of the selection of the problem, Criteria of the selection of the problem ,Drafting a research proposal, Meaning and types of variables ,Meaning and types of hypotheses. **TOOLS OF RESEARCH :** Meaning and general information about construction procedure of (i) Questionnaire, (ii) Interview, (iii) Psychological test, (iv) observation (v) Rating scale (vi) Attitute scale and (vii) check list, Advantages and disadvantages of above tools **. TINU SAMPLING** : Meaning of population and sample, Importance and characteristics of sample, Sampling techniques - i) Probability sampling : random sampling, stratified random sampling, systematic sampling, cluster sampling ii) Non-probability sampling: incidental sampling, purposive sampling, quata sampling **METHODS OF RESEARCH** Meaning and conducting procedure of following methods of research : Historical method LINU SH rs , Survey method , Case study , Causal comparative method , Developmental methods , Experimental methods

UNIT - 4 15 Hrs	 TREATMENT OF DATA : Level of measurements of data , Steps in treatment of data: editing, coding, classification, tabulation, analysis and interpretation of results WRITING RESEARCH REPORT : Sections of report : Preliminary section , Content section : various chapters , Supplementary section : appendices, references, abstract , Format and style
	Computer Fundamentals
	Computer System : Features, Basic Applications of Computer, Generations of
UNIT - 5 15 Hrs	 computers. Parts of Computer System : Block Diagram of Computer System ; Central Processing Unit (CPU) ; Concepts and types of Hardware and Software, Input Devices - Mouse, Keyboard, Scanner, Bar Code Reader, track ball ; Output Devices - Monitor, Printer, Plotter, Speaker ; Computer Memory - primary and secondary memory, magnetic and optical storage devices. Operating Systems - MS Windows : Basics of Windows OS ; Components of Windows - icons, taskbar, activating windows, using desktop, title bar, running applications, exploring computer, managing files and folders, copying and moving files and folders ; Control panel : display properties, adding and removing software and hardware, setting date and time, screensaver and appearance ; Windows Accessories : Calculator, Notepad, WordPad, Paint Brush, Command Prompt, Windows Explorer.
	Office Software Package
UNIT - 6 15 Hrs	 Word Processing - MS Word : Creating, Saving, Opening, Editing, Formatting, Page Setup and printing Documents ; Using tables, pictures, and charts in Documents ; Using Mail Merge sending a document to a group of people and creating form, letters and label. Spreadsheet - MS Excel : Opening a Blank or New Workbook, entering data/Function/ Formula into worksheet cell, Saving, Editing, Formatting, Page Setup and printing Workbooks. Presentation Software - MS Power Point : Creating and enhancing a presentation, modifying a presentation, working with visual elements, adding Animations & Transitions and delivering a presentation.

Agrawal, Y. P. (1988). Better sampling : Concepts, Techniques and Evaluation. New Delhi : sterling Publishers Private Ltd. Best, J. W. (1993). **Research in Education** (6th ed.) New Delhi : Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd. Broota, K. D. (1992) Experimental design in Behavioral Research (2nd ed.) New Delhi : Wiley Eastern Limited. Dasgupta, A. K. (1968). Methodology of Economic Research. Bombay: Asia Publishing House. Edwards, A. L. (1957). Techniques of Attitude Scale construction. New York : Appleton-Contury Gall, M. D., Gall, J. P. and Borg, W. R. (2007). Educational Research : An introduction (8th ed.) Coston : Allyn and Bacon. Garrett, H. E. & Woodworth, R. S. (1969). Statistics in Psychology and Education. Bombay : Vakils, Fecffer & Simons Pvt. Ltd. Goode, W. J. & Hatt, Paul K. (1952). Methods in Social Research. New York : McGraw-Hill. Gopal, M. H. (1964). An Introduction to research Procedure in Social Sciences. Bombay : Asia Publishing House. Hillway, T. (1964) Introduction to Research (2nd ed.) Noston : Houghton Miffin. Hyman, H. H., et al. (1975). Interviewing in Social Research. Chicago : University of Chicago Press. Kerlinger, F. N. (1983) Foundation of Behavioural Research. (2nd Indian *Reprint*) New York : Holt, Rinehart and Winston. Kothari, C. R. (2007) Research Methodology: Methods & Techniques (3rd ed.) New Delhi : Wishwa Prakashan. Fundamentals Of Computers, Dr. P. Mohan, Himalaya Publishing House. Microsoft First Look Office 2010, K. Murray, Microsoft Press. Fundamental Of Research Methodology And Statistics, Y.K. Singh, New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers.Practical Research Methods, Dr Catherine Dawson. The Essence Of Research Methodology, Jan Jonker & Bartjan Pennink, Springer.

M.Sc (Z	ZOOLOGY)	IST SEMESTER				
COUR	SE CODE:ZOOA 01	COURSE TYPE: ECC				
COURSE TITLE: CONSTITUTIONALISM & INDIAN POLITICAL SYSTEM						
CREDI	CREDIT: 06 HOURS : 90					
THEORY: 06 THEORY:						
MARK	S: 100					
THEO	RY: 70 CCA : 30					
ORIFC						
- 1	Understands the concept of Constitu	ationalism				
- (Gets acquainted with various Indian	Political System				
-]	Becomes familiar with various Unio	on Executive				
- (Gets conversant with Legislatures, I	Legislative Bills				
	Achieves skills in various writings					
UNIT - 1 12 Hrs	Unit- I: Meaning: Constitution, Constitutional government & constitutionalism; Difference between Constitution & Constitutionalism; Constitutionalism: Basis, Elements, Features & future. Forms of Government: Democracy & Dictatorship, Unitary & Federal, Parliamentary & Presidential form. Ideals of the Indian Constitution incorporated in the Preamble. Special Features of the Indian Constitution					
UNIT - 2 24 Hrs	Unit-II: Concept of State and Citizenship, Judicial Review and Fundamental Rights, Directive Principles of the State Policy, Fundamental Duties, Procedure to Amend the Indian Constitution, Judiciary: Supreme Court and High Court, Judicial Activism and Public Interest Litigation and Provisions relating to Emergency					
UNIT - 3 10 H rs	Unit-III: Union Executive- President, Prime Minister, Council of Ministers. State Executive- Governor, Chief Minister and Council of Ministers. Local Bodies & Panchayati Raj					
UNIT - 4 24 Hrs	Unit-IV: Parliament of India, State Legislatures, Legislative Bills: Ordinary, Money and Financial, Union State Relations, Principles of the 'Separation of Power and the 'Principles of Check & Balance'. Political Parties and Pressure Groups. Challenges before Indian Democracy: Terrorism, Regionalism, Communalism, <u>Linguistics</u> and National Integration.					
UNIT - 5 20 Hrs	Unit-V: Controller & Accountant General Election Commission, Union and Commission.	of India, Solicitor General, Advocate General, State(s) Public Service Commission, Finance				

HOBBES, Thomas, The Leviathan, Chapters XIII & XVII [entry]
LOCKE, John, The Second Treatise of Civil Government, Chapter IX [entry]
ROUSSEAU, Jean-Jacques, The Social Contract or Principles of Political Right
MONTESQUIEU, The spirit of the laws,
RAZ, Joseph, "The rule of law and its virtue", in The authority of law, Oxford
University Press, 1979
Dicey on British constitution
P. Ishwara Bhat Inter-relationship between Fundamental Rights
M P Jain Indian Constitutional Law
H M Seervai Constitutional Law of India
V N Shukla Constitution of India
D DBasu Shorter Constitution of India
B Sivarao Constitutional Assembly Debates
J. V R Krishna Iyer Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles
Paras Diwan Human Rights and the Law
P K Tripathi Some Insight into Fundamental Rights
S P Sathe Fundamental Rights and Amendment to the Constitution
P B Gajendragadkar Law, Liberty and Social Justice
David Karrys Politics of Law

M.Sc (Z	OOLOGY)		IST SEMESTER	
COURSE CODE:ZOO A02COURSE TYPE:ECC/CE				
COURSI	COURSE TITLE: Entomology- Insect Diversity, Society and Evolution			
	Theory	/		
	CREDIT:6	HOU	J RS:90	
THEOR	Y: 6 PRACTICAL:0	THEORY: 90	PRACTICAL: 0	
	MARH	KS		
	THEORY: 100(30+70)	PRACT	FICAL:0	
OBJE	CTIVE: This course is aimed	towards generation the	ing fundamental	
KIIOWIE	Morphology: external features and the	r articulation Compa	DIY.	
I-1- urs	antonnoo mouth ports, thoray loop with	n an abdaminal anna	dagaa ganitalia	
IN	antennae, moutin parts, thorax – legs, wh	ngs; abdominai apper	idages, genitana	
U 8-1				
Ι				
-2- rs	Taxonomy- historical development of	classification of in	sect, basis of insect	
.TI	classification; classification of insects up to sub orders and up to super families in			
E H	economical important groups; fossil his	ory, origin and evolut	tion of insects	
18				
	Insect Society: group of social insects	and their social life; e	evolution of sociality;	
T-3 ur	social organization and social behaviou	in honey bee ants te	ermites and wasns	
IN Ho	social organization and social behaviou	in noney bee, ants, te	crimes and wasps	
18.				
		1.1		
-4- UrS	Insect Plant Interaction - Theory of	co-evolution, role of	of allelochemicals in	
LIN	host plant mediation, tritrophic	interaction, host-p	plant selection by	
D 47-8	phytophagous insects, establishment o	f insect population of	n a plant surface.	
18				
1 50	Forensic Entomology: Introduction for	rensically important	insects, collection of	
T-5 urs	data from cadaver site interpretation	of data for predictin	in time and cause of	
INC Ho	dooth	or dum for predictili	5 unio and cause of	
18	ucaui.			
, -				



M.Sc (Z	ZOOLOGY)			IST SEMESTER	
COURS	SE CODE: ZO	DO A03	COURSE TYPE: ECC/CB		
COUR	COURSE TITLE: EMTOMOLOGY- Insect Physiology, Toxicology & Vector				
		Biolog	<u>S</u> Y		
	CRE	DIT:6	HOU	RS:90	
THEO	RY: 6	PRACTICAL:0	THEORY:90	PRACTICAL: 0	
MARKS					
THEORY: 100 (30+70) PRACTICAL-0					
OBJE	CTIVE: T	his course is aimed	towards generat	ing fundamental	
knowl	edge concep	ts related to insect	physiology toxico	ology and vector	
biolog	y				
S	Structure and	physiology of integu	nentary, digestive, ex	cretory, circulatory,	
Г-1- ОШ	respiratory, e	ndocrine, reproductive,	and nervous system.	. Sensory receptors.	
EIN H	Growth, metar	norphosis and diapause in	n insect.		
U 20.					
-2-	Definition of	pesticides, brief history,	pesticides registration	, pesticide industries	
E and markets. Dose-response relationship; mode of action of ins					
NN H	carcinogenic, mutagenic and teratogenic effects, and evaluation of toxicity				
8					
4. s	Group charac	teristics of insecticide,	structure and function	n of organochlorine,	
-TI	organophosph	orus, carbamate, pyreth	rod, other plant orig	gin as well as bio-	
NN H	insecticides,	neonicotinoids and nit	rogenous insecticides	, fumigants, IGRs.	
15-	Metabolism or	degradation of pesticides	s - phase I and phase II	reactions. Insecticide	
	resistance and	health hazards.			
	Introduction t	o vector biology econo	mic importance and c	control of fleas lice	
T-4 urs	huge mosquit	oes flies and parasitoids	inte importance una c	inter of ficus, fice,	
INI Ho	bugs, mosquit	oes, mes and parasitolds.			
15.1					
14 S	Vector-parasit	e interaction; host-patho	gen interaction, Insect	transmitting bacteria	
-TI	and viruses o	f medical, veterinary and	l agricultural importar	ice; control of insect	
UN He	vector	,			
20	,0001.				

	1. The Insects: Structure and function, Chapman, R. F., Cambridge University Press, UK
SUGGESTED READINGS	 The Insects: Structure and function, Chapman, R. F., Cambridge University Press, UK Physiological system in Insects, Klowden, M. J., Academic Press, USA The Insects, An outline of Entomology, Gullan, P. J., and Cranston, P. S., Wiley Blackwell, UK Insect Physiology and Biochemistry, Nation, J. L., CRC Press, USA Toxicology and Risk Assessment: A Comprehensive Introduction, Greim H., and Snyder, R. (ed), John Wiley and Sons, UK The Complete Book of pesticide management, Whitford, F., Wiley Interscience, John Wiley and Sons, UK Safer Insecticides, Hodgson, E., and Kuhr, R. J., (ed), Marcel Dekker Inc., New York, USA Pesticide Biochemistry and Physiology, Wilkinson, C. F., Plenum Press, New York, UK Metabolic pathways of agrochemicals Part II, Roberts, T. R., and Hutson, D. H. The Royal Society of Chemistry, UK
	11. Medical and Veterinary Entomology Mullen, G., Durden, L., Academic Press, USA 12 Medical and Veterinary Entomology Kettle D.S. Cabi Press USA
	13. <i>Medical Entomology for students, Service,</i> M. Cambridge University Press, UK

M.Sc (7	ZOOLOGY)			IST SEMESTER	
COURSE CODE: ZOO A04COURSE TYPE: ECC/CB				E TYPE: ECC/CB	
COURS	COURSE TITLE: ENTOMOLOGY- Pest Ecology & Agricultural Entomology				
CREDI	T:6		HOURS:90		
THEOI	RY: 6	PRACTICAL:0	THEORY: 90	PRACTICAL: 0	
	MARKS				
	THEORY:	100 (30+70)	PRAC	TICAL:0	
OBJE	CTIVE: Th	his course is aimed to	owards generating	g fundamental	
knowl	edge concept	ts related to pest eco	logy and agricult	ural entomology	
-1- rS	Pest - defin	ition and its ecology	, pest status, featu	res responsible for	
-TIV	evolutionary	success of insect speci	es, factors responsib	le for achieving the	
10 H-S	status of pest,	Economic injury level,	economic threshold, a	action threshold, pest	
57	spectrum, pest complex, carrying capacity, secondary pest out break, pest				
	surveillance a	nd sampling.			
-2- rs	Population dy	rnamics of pests - agro-e	cosystem, phases of p	opulation	
TIV	fluctuation, models of population growth, factors for population fluctuation,				
U 2-H	population size and regulatory mechanisms.				
1:					
-5 -5 -5 -5 -5 -5 -5 -5 -5 -5 -5 -5 -5 -	Identification,	seasonal history, biology	, nature of damage an	d control measures of	
-TIV	pests, of cere	als, pulse crops, cotton,	vegetables (summer	vegetable and winter	
10 H-6	vegetable), oi	l seeds, fruit crops, suga	arcane and stored gra	ins. Locust- different	
50	species and p	hases, phase transition,	periodicity, migration,	biology and control	
	measures				
-4- rs	Integrated Pes	t Management: history, di	fferent phases of pest	control, Quarantine,	
UIT.	Physical, Cult	ural, Chemical, Biologica	l control and, genetic a	and biotechnological	
U S H	methods of co	ntrol. Pheromones- produ	ction, and their use in	pest surveillance and	
1.	management				

-5- 7S	Plant resistance to insects: types of resistance, mechanism of resistance-antibiosis,
-TIV-	antixenosis, tolerance, factors mediating resistance, JH Mimics & MH-agonist.
ND H	Transgenic plants: history, Bacillus thuriengensis and its mode of action on insect,
15	different sub species of Bt , development of Bt plant by recombinant DNA
	technology, resistance management of Bt crop, prospective and controversies of Bt
	crop.
	1. Ecology of insects, Speight, M. R., Hunter, M. D., & Watt, A. D., Wiley- Blackwell UK
ED	2. <i>Insect Plant Biology</i> , Schoonhoven, L. M., van Loon, J.A., & Dicke, M., Publisher Oxford University Press, USA
ETS NG	3. Interrelationship between insects and Plants, Jolivet, P., CRC Press, USA
GE	4. Chemical Ecology of Insects, Carde, R. T., and Bell, W. J., Chapman & Hall, New York USA
SUC	5. Entomology & Pest Management, Pedigo, L. P., Prentice Hall, New Jersey, USA
•1	6. Concepts of IPM, Norris, Caswell-Chen and Kogan, Prentice-Hall, USA
	7. Agricultural insects pests of the tropics and their control, Hill, D. S., Cambridge University Press, UK

• M. Sc. in ZOLOGY FACULTY OF LIFE SCIENCE

• SECOND SEMESTER (EVEN SEMESTER)

Eligibility Criteria (Qualifying Evame)	Course Code	Course Type	Course (Paper/Subjects)	Credits	C Ho	onta ours l WeeH	ct Per K	Eos Dura (Hr	SE ition 's.)
Exams)					L	Т	Р	Thy	P
ar	ZOO 201	CCC	Genetics and Cytogenetics	5	4	2	00	3	00
oack/ arre	ZOO 211	CCC	Genetics and Cytogenetics- LABORATORY WORK	2	00	00	3	00	3
mber of t	ZOO202	CCC	Principles of Gene Manipulation	5	4	2	00	3	0
of any nu	ZOO 212	CCC	Principles of Gene Manipulation - LABORATORY WORK	2	00	00	3	00	3
pective	ZOO 203	CCC	Structure and Function of Genes	5	4	2	00	3	0
ion irres	ZOO213	CCC	Structure and Function of Genes -LABORATORY WORK	2	00	00	3	00	3
pa	ZOO221	PRJ/FST/EST	SOCIAL OUTREACH AND SKILL DEVELOPMENT	6	00	00	9	00	4
er exa	ZOO B01	ECC/CB	ENVIRONMENTAL AND FOREST LAWS						
First semest	ZOO B02	ECC/CB	Fish Biology - Evolution and Functional Anatomy of Fish						
aring in the	ZOO B03	ECC/CB	Fish Biology - Aquatic Resources and Their Conservation-	6	4	3	00	3	00
fter appe	ZOO B04	ECC/CB	Fish Biology - Aquaculture						
A				TOTAL= 32					

M.Sc(ZOOLOGY) IIND SEMESTER				IIND SEMESTER		
COURSE CODE: ZOO 201 COURSE TYPE: C				URSE TYPE: CCC		
COURSE TITLE: Genetics and Cytogenetics						
	CRE	DIT:7	HOU	RS:135		
THEOR	Y: 5	PRACTICAL:2	THEORY: 90	PRACTICAL:45		
		MARI	KS			
	THEORY:	100 (30+70)	PRACT	ICAL:33		
OBJE	CTIVE: T	his course is aimed	towards generat	ing fundamental		
knowle	dge, concep	ts related to genetics	s and cytogenetics	5.		
-1- rs	Mendel's law	s and their chromosoma	l basis; extension of	Mendel's principles:		
LIN	allelic variati	on and gene function- i	ncomplete dominance	e and co-dominance,		
E H	allelic series,	testing gene mutations fe	or allelism; gene actio	on- from genotype to		
15	phenotype- p	enetrance and expressivity	, gene interaction, epi	stasis, pleiotropy		
-2 - .S	Nature of the	gene and its functions:	evolution of the conc	ept of the gene, fine		
-TI	structure of gene (rII locus); methods of gene mapping: 3- point test cross in					
NN H	Drosophila, gene mapping in humans by linkage analysis in pedigrees.					
25						
	Gana mutatio	n and DNA rapair: types	of gang mutations, ma	thads for detection of		
I-3- urs	Gene inutation and DNA repair. types of gene inutations, methods for detection of					
INI	democed mutations, F- element insertional mutagenesis in <i>Drosophila</i> , DNA					
с 51	damage and repair; regulation of gene activity in <i>lac</i> and <i>trp</i> operons of <i>E. coli</i> ,					
Ι	general introduction to gene regulation in eukaryotes at transcriptional and					
	posttranscript	ional levels, organization	of a typical eukaryot	ic gene, transcription		
	factors, enhar	cers and silencers, non co	ding genes.			
-4 rs	Sex determin	ation and dosage comp	ensation: sex determ	ination- in humans,		
no	Drosophila and other animals; dosage compensation of X-linked genes-					
D H	hyperactivation of X-linked gene in male Drosophila, inactivation of X-linked					
-15	genes in female mammals; human genetics- karyotype and nomenclature of					
	metaphase	chromosome bands; c	chromosome anomal	lies and diseases-		
	chromosomal	anomalies in malignan	cy (chronic myeloid	leukemia, Burkitt's		
	lymphoma, re	tinoblastoma and Wilms'	tumor): genetic analys	sis of complex traits -		
	complex patt	ern of inheritance quantit	ative traits threshold	traits: human genome		
	and manning	in or internative, qualitit		rano, numun genome		
	and mapping.					

S.	Genetics and cancer: oncogenes- tumor inducing retroviruses and viral oncogenes;
-5-1 DUI	chromosome rearrangement and cancer; tumor suppressor genes- cellular roles of
IN H	tumor suppressor genes, prB, p53, pAPC, genetic pathways to cancer.
U 20	
	1. Study of mutant phenotypes of <i>Drosophila</i> .
	2. Demonstration of law of segregation using <i>Drosophila</i> mutants.
	3. Study of law of independent assortment.
	4. Demonstration of sex- linkage by using <i>white</i> mutation of <i>Drosophila</i> .
	5. Demonstration of dosage compensation in <i>Drosophila</i> males and females.
111)	6. Demonstration of Green Fluorescence and Red Fluorescence protein for monitoring gene expression.
ATOF 200-2	7. Targeted tissue specific expression of a gene using UAS-Gal4 System in <i>Drosophila</i> .
BOR RK (2	8. Preparation and study of metaphase chromosomes from mouse bone marrow:
LA WO	a. Chromosome banding (C, G, H banding).b. Study the differences in number, shape and size of chromosomes in normal vs. tumor cells, or normal vs. irradiated cells.
	c. Preparation of human karyotype and study of chromosomal aberrations with respect to number, translocation, deletion etc. from the pictures provided.
	9. Study of transcriptional activity in polytene chromosome upon heat shock induction by uridine incorporation.
	10. Study of sex chromatin in buccal smear and hair bud cells (Human).
	11. Study of Hardy– Weinberg equilibrium in human population by taking the example of blood group system (ABO).

SUGGESTED READINGS	 Principles of Genetics, Snustad and Simmons, (4th Ed. 2005), John Wiley & Sons, USA Modern Genetic Analysis: Integrating Genes and Genomes, Griffiths, J.F., Gelbart, M., Lewontin, C. and Miller, W. H. Freeman and Company , New York, USA Genetics, J. Russell, Benjamin-Cummings Publishing Company, San Francisco, California, USA
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M.Sc(ZO	OLOGY)			IIND SEMESTER	
COURSE CODE: ZOO 202 COURSE TY			URSE TYPE: CCC		
COURSE TITLE: Principles of Gene Manipulation					
	CRE	DIT:7	НО	URS:135	
THEORY	Y: 5	PRACTICAL:2	THEORY: 90	PRACTICAL: 45	
		MARK	S		
	THEORV	100 (30±70)	PRACT		
	IIIEORI.	100 (30170)	INACI	IICAL: 55	
OBJEC knowled	CTIVE: The lge, concept	is course is aimed t ts related to principl	towards generat e of gene manip	ting fundamental ulation.	
-1 -7	Basic recon	binant DNA techniques	, cutting and joining	ing DNA molecules,	
INO	restriction m	odification systems, vari	ous enzymes used	in recombinant DNA	
U 8 H	technology, r	estriction maps and mapp	ing techniques;		
-10					
S 5	Nucleic acid	probes, blotting techn	iques, DNA finger	printing, footprinting,	
-TIV	methyl interf	erence assay. Polymerase	chain reaction- meth	ods and applications.	
ND H					
-18					
ų s	Basic biology	of cloning vectors: plasm	nids, phages, single s	stranded DNA vectors,	
INO	high capacity	v vectors, retroviral vecto	rs, expression vector	rs and other advanced	
D H S	vectors in us	e. Gene cloning strategies	methods of transfor	ming E. coli and other	
-18	cells with r	DNA; methods of select	ion and screening	of transformed cells;	
	construction	of genomic and cDNA	libraries; strategies	of expressing cloned	
	genes; phage	display.			
s	Principles of	DNA sequencing, auto	mated sequencing r	nethods; synthesis of	
-4 Dur	oligo- nucleotides, primer design; micro-arrays; confocal microscopy; changing				
DH DH	genes- directed evolution, protein engineering in microbes .				
U -18					
	Manipulating	genes in animals: g	ene transfer to a	nimal cells, genetic	
5 urs	manipulation	of animals, transgenic tec	chnology, application	of recombinant DNA	
-TII IOH	technology	genetically modified or	anisms: gene knoc	kouts, mouse disease	
UN 181	models, gene silencing, gene therapy, somatic and germ- line therapy.				
	, 6			1.7	

	1 Plasmid DNA isolation: minipreps.
	2. Agarose gel electrophoresis of isolated plasmid.
	3. DNA quantization and purity of DNA.
DRY ()	4. Restriction enzyme digestion of plasmid DNA.
RATC ORK 0-212	5. Purification of DNA from an agarose gel.
ABOI W((ZO	6. Vector and insert ligation.
$\mathbf{\Gamma}_{i}$	7. Preparation of competent cells and storage.
	8. Transformation of <i>E. coli</i> with standard plasmids, calculation of transformation efficiency.
	9. Polymerase Chain Reaction, using standard 16S rRNA eubacterial primers.
SUGGESTED READINGS	 Recombinant DNA: Genes and Genomics – a short course, Watson et al., W. H. Freeman and Company, New York, USA Principles of Gene Manipulation and Genomics, Primrose, S. B. and Twyman, R. M., (7th Ed. 2006), Blackwell Publishing, West Sussex, UK Molecular Biotechnology: Principles and application of recombinant DNA, Bernard R. and Jack, ASM Press, Herndon, USA

M.Sc(ZOO	LOGY)		IIND SEMESTER		
COURSE CODE: ZOO 203 COUR			URSE TYPE: CCC		
	COURSE TITLE: Structure a	and Function of Genes	5		
	CREDIT:7	HOU	J RS:135		
THEODY					
THEORY:	5 PRACTICAL:2 MARKS	THEORY: 90	PRACIICAL:45		
	WIANN	,			
	THEORY: 100(30+70)	PRACT	TICAL:34		
OBJECT	TVE: This course is aimed t	owards generat	ing fundamental		
knowledg	e, concepts related to structur	e and function o	f genes.		
	Structure of nucleic acids- struct	ture of nucleic ac	ids, folding motifs,		
- S.	conformation flexibilities, denaturation	on, renaturation, kine	etics of hybridization,		
T-1 Ou	super-coiling of DNA, packaging	of DNA in the r	nucleus, structure of		
IN H	chromatin, chromatin territories. Genetic material and its evolution- structure				
20	and function relationships, evolution	and function relationships evolution of genetic material genes and genomes			
and remetion relationships, evolution of genetic material, genes and geno					
-2 rs	DNA replication, recombination a	and repair- energet	ics of nucleic acid		
IIN	polymerization, accuracy during flow of genetic information, DNA				
D H (the DNA, mechanism				
-20	of DNA repair; genome instability;				
ς Υ	Transcriptional control of gene expression- positive and negative regulations,				
LIN	RNA polymerases, promoters and regulatory sequences, activators and				
D H	repressors of transcription, transcription initiation by RNA polymerases,				
91-	regulation of transcription-factor a	activity, elongation	and termination of		
	transcription.				
	Post-transcriptional gene control and	nuclear transport- yp	es of introns and their		
4 urs	splicing, evolution of introns, catalyti	c RNA, alternative s	splicing and proteome		
-TII Hol	diversity regulation of Pre-mRNA	Processing micro I	RNA and other non-		
NN	coding RNAs degradation of RNA	receipting, mero r			
17	couning KivAs, degradation of KivA.				

UNIT-5- -20 Hours	Transport across the nuclear envelope and stability of RNA- structure of nuclear membrane and nuclear pore complexes, processes of nuclear import and export and their regulation, degradation of RNA. Translational machinery and translational control -energetics of amino acid polymerization, tRNAs and their modifications, aminoacyl tRNA synthetases, accuracy during aminoacylation of tRNA, regulation of initiation of translation in eukaryotes, elongation and its control, inhibitors of translations.
LABORATORY WORK (Z00-213)	 1. Studies on structure of Gene a. Familiarization with sterile-handling techniques for growth of bacteria, such as sterilization, growth media, types of culture etc. b. Isolations of genomic DNA from bacteria and mouse/rat liver. c. Measurement of absorption-spectrum of DNA, RNA, and nucleotides. d. Studies on denaturation of DNA and determination of Tm and calculation of G:C content. e. Studies on stability of DNA and RNA towards alkali. 2 Studies on regulation of gene-expression in bacteria a. Studies on growth curve of <i>E.coli</i> in synthetic medium and calculation of log-phase for metabolic experiments. b. Studies on induction of <i>lac</i>-operon. c. Studies on catabolite repression of <i>lac</i>-operon and role of cAMP. 3. Generation and selection of mutants for <i>lac</i>-operon, calculation of mutation-frequency.
SUGGESTED READINGS	 Molecular Biology of the Gene, Watson et al.,(5th Ed. 2004), Pearson Education, Delhi, INDIA Genes IX, Lewin, (9TH Edition 2008), Jones and Bartlett Publishers, Boston, USA

M.Sc(ZOOLOGY) IIND SEM	IESTER						
COURSE CODE:ZOOB 01 COURSE TYPE	: ECC						
COURSE TITLE: FOREST AND ENVIRONMENTAL LAWS							
CREDIT: 06 HOURS : 9) 0						
THEORY: 06 THEORY: 9	90						
MARKS: 100							
THEORY: 70 CCA : 30							
OBJECTIVE:							
- Understands the concept and place of research in concerned subject							
- Gets acquainted with various resources for research							
- Becomes familiar with various tools of research	·						
- Gets conversant with sampling techniques, methods of research and techniques	inques of						
A chieves skills in various research writings							
- Gets acquainted with computer Fundamentals and Office Software Packag	ge						
EVOLUTION OF FOREST AND WILD LIFE LAWS	>° ·						
a) Importance of Forest and Wildlife							
b) Evolution of Forest and Wild Life Laws							
c) Forest Policy during British Regime							
d) Forest Policies after Independence.							
e) Methods of Forest and Wildlife Conservation.							
FOREST PROTECTION AND LAW							
a) Indian Forest Act, 1927							
b) Forest Conservation Act, 1980 & Rules therein							
C) Rights of Forest Dwellers and Tribal							
c) The Forest Rights Act, 2006							
d) National Forest Policy 1988							
WILDLIFE PROTECTION AND LAW							
Wild L is Droto stars A at 1072							
a) wild Life Protection Act, 1972 b) Wild Life Conservation strategy and Projects							
b) Wild Life Conservation strategy and Projects							

	CHAPTER -	- BASIC CONCEPTS				
	a.	Meaning and definition of environment.				
	b.	Multidisciplinary nature of environment				
	с.	Concept of ecology and ecosystem				
	d.	Importance of environment				
	e.	Meaning and types of environmental pollution.				
	f	Factors responsible for environmental degradation.				
4 s	CHAPTER-	INTRODUCTION TO LEGAL SYSTEM				
E H	a.	Acts, Rules, Policies, Notification, circulars etc				
18 N	b.	Constitutional provisions on Environment Protection				
	с.	Judicial review, precedents				
	d.	Writ petitions, PIL and Judicial Activism				
	CHAPTER	- LEGISLATIVE FRAMEWORK FOR POLLUTION				
	CONTROL	LAWS				
	a)	Air Pollution and Law.				
	b)	Water Pollution and Law.				
		Noise Pollution and Law.				
	c)	Noise Pollution and Law.				
	c) CHAPTER-	Noise Pollution and Law.LEGISLATIVEFRAMEWORKFORENVIRONMENT				
	c) CHAPTER- PROTECTIO	Noise Pollution and Law. LEGISLATIVE FRAMEWORK FOR ENVIRONMENT ON				
	c) CHAPTER- PROTECTIO a)	Noise Pollution and Law.LEGISLATIVEFRAMEWORKFORENVIRONMENTONEnvironment Protection Act & rules there under				
	c) CHAPTER- PROTECTIO a) b)	Noise Pollution and Law. LEGISLATIVE FRAMEWORK FOR ENVIRONMENT ON Environment Protection Act & rules there under Hazardous Waste and Law				
	c) CHAPTER- PROTECTIO a) b) c)	Noise Pollution and Law.LEGISLATIVE FRAMEWORK FOR ENVIRONMENTONEnvironment Protection Act & rules there underHazardous Waste and LawPrinciples of Strict and absolute Liability.				
	c) CHAPTER- PROTECTIO a) b) c) d)	Noise Pollution and Law.LEGISLATIVEFRAMEWORKFORENVIRONMENTDNEnvironment Protection Act & rules there under Hazardous Waste and Law Principles of Strict and absolute Liability. Public Liability Insurance Act				
ro S	c) CHAPTER- PROTECTIO a) b) c) d) e)	Noise Pollution and Law.LEGISLATIVE FRAMEWORK FOR ENVIRONMENTONEnvironment Protection Act & rules there underHazardous Waste and LawPrinciples of Strict and absolute Liability.Public Liability Insurance ActEnvironment Impact Assessment Regulations in India				
NIT - 5 8 Hrs	c) CHAPTER- PROTECTIO a) b) c) d) c) d) e) CHAPTER -	Noise Pollution and Law. LEGISLATIVE FRAMEWORK FOR ENVIRONMENT ON Environment Protection Act & rules there under Hazardous Waste and Law Principles of Strict and absolute Liability. Public Liability Insurance Act Environment Impact Assessment Regulations in India - ENVIRONMENTAL CONSTITUTIONALISM				
UNIT - 5 18 Hrs	c) CHAPTER- PROTECTIO a) b) c) d) c) d) e) CHAPTER - a.	Noise Pollution and Law.LEGISLATIVEFRAMEWORKFORENVIRONMENTONEnvironment Protection Act & rules there underHazardous Waste and LawPrinciples of Strict and absolute Liability.Public Liability Insurance ActEnvironment Impact Assessment Regulations in India• ENVIRONMENTAL CONSTITUTIONALISMFundamental Rights and Environment				
UNIT - 5 18 Hrs	c) CHAPTER- PROTECTIO a) b) c) d) c) d) e) CHAPTER - a.	Noise Pollution and Law. LEGISLATIVE FRAMEWORK FOR ENVIRONMENT ON Environment Protection Act & rules there under Hazardous Waste and Law Principles of Strict and absolute Liability. Public Liability Insurance Act Environment Impact Assessment Regulations in India • ENVIRONMENTAL CONSTITUTIONALISM Fundamental Rights and Environment i) Right to EqualityArticle 14				
UNIT - 5 18 Hrs	c) CHAPTER- PROTECTIO a) b) c) d) e) CHAPTER - a.	Noise Pollution and Law.LEGISLATIVEFRAMEWORKFORENVIRONMENTONEnvironment Protection Act & rules there underHazardous Waste and LawPrinciples of Strict and absolute Liability.Public Liability Insurance ActEnvironment Impact Assessment Regulations in India- ENVIRONMENTAL CONSTITUTIONALISMFundamental Rights and Environmenti)Right to EqualityArticle 14ii)Right to InformationArticle 19				
UNIT - 5 18 Hrs	c) CHAPTER- PROTECTIO a) b) c) d) e) CHAPTER - a.	Noise Pollution and Law.LEGISLATIVEFRAMEWORKFORENVIRONMENTONEnvironment Protection Act & rules there underHazardous Waste and LawPrinciples of Strict and absolute Liability.Public Liability Insurance ActEnvironment Impact Assessment Regulations in India• ENVIRONMENTAL CONSTITUTIONALISMFundamental Rights and Environmenti)Right to EqualityArticle 14ii)Right to InformationArticle 19iii)Right to LifeArticle 21				
UNIT - 5 18 Hrs	c) CHAPTER- PROTECTIO a) b) c) d) e) CHAPTER - a.	Noise Pollution and Law.LEGISLATIVEFRAMEWORKFORENVIRONMENTONEnvironment Protection Act & rules there underHazardous Waste and LawPrinciples of Strict and absolute Liability.Public Liability Insurance ActEnvironment Impact Assessment Regulations in India• ENVIRONMENTAL CONSTITUTIONALISMFundamental Rights and Environmenti)Right to EqualityArticle 14ii)Right to InformationArticle 19iii)Right to LifeArticle 21iv)Freedom of Trade vis-à-vis Environment Protection				
UNIT - 5 18 Hrs	c) CHAPTER- PROTECTIO a) b) c) d) e) CHAPTER - a.	Noise Pollution and Law. LEGISLATIVE FRAMEWORK FOR ENVIRONMENT ON Environment Protection Act & rules there under Hazardous Waste and Law Principles of Strict and absolute Liability. Public Liability Insurance Act Environment Impact Assessment Regulations in India • ENVIRONMENTAL CONSTITUTIONALISM Fundamental Rights and Environment i) Right to EqualityArticle 14 ii) Right to InformationArticle 19 iii) Right to LifeArticle 21 iv) Freedom of Trade vis-à-vis Environment Protection The Forty-Second Amendment Act				
UNIT - 5 18 Hrs	c) CHAPTER- PROTECTIO a) b) c) d) e) CHAPTER - a. b. c.	Noise Pollution and Law. LEGISLATIVE FRAMEWORK FOR ENVIRONMENT ON Environment Protection Act & rules there under Hazardous Waste and Law Principles of Strict and absolute Liability. Public Liability Insurance Act Environment Impact Assessment Regulations in India • ENVIRONMENTAL CONSTITUTIONALISM Fundamental Rights and Environment i) Right to EqualityArticle 14 ii) Right to InformationArticle 19 iii) Right to LifeArticle 21 iv) Freedom of Trade vis-à-vis Environment Protection The Forty-Second Amendment Act Directive Principles of State Policy & Fundamental Duties				

Bharucha, Erach. <u>Text Book of Environmental Studies</u>. Hyderabad : University Press (India) Private limited, 2005.

Doabia, T. S. <u>Environmental and Pollution Laws in India</u>. New Delhi: Wadhwa and Company, 2005.

Joseph, Benny. <u>Environmental Studies</u>, New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, 2006.

Khan. I. A, <u>Text Book of Environmental Laws.</u> Allahabad: Central Law Agency, 2002.

Leelakrishnan, P. <u>Environmental Law Case Book.</u> 2nd Edition. New Delhi: LexisNexis Butterworths, 2006.

Shastri, S. C (ed). <u>Human Rights, Development and Environmental Law, An Anthology.</u> Jaipur: Bharat law Publications, 2006.

Environmental Pollution by Asthana and Asthana, S, Chand Publication

Environmental Science by Dr. S.R.Myneni, Asia law House

Gurdip Singh, Environmental Law in India (2005) Macmillan.

Shyam Diwan and Armin Rosencranz, Environmental Law and Policy in India – Cases, Materials and Statutes (2nd ed., 2001) Oxford University Press.

JOURNALS :-

Journal of Indian Law Institute, ILI New Delhi. Journal of Environmental Law, NLSIU, Bangalore.

MAGAZINES :-

Economical and Political Weekly Down to Earth.

M.Sc(ZOC	DLOGY)			IIND SEMESTER	
COURSE	CODE: ZOO B02		COURS	E TYPE: ECC/CB	
COURSE	TITLE: Evolution an	d Functional	Anatomy of Fish	I	
		Theory	1		
				K3.70	
THEORY	: 6 PRACT	ICAL:0	THEORY: 90	PRACTICAL:0	
		MARKS	8		
	THEORY: 100 (30+7	70)	PRACT	FICAL:0	
OBJECT importan	IVE: The main obj	ective is to fu	urnish the proces functional anato	s of evolution, its my of fish.	
	Origin, diversity and	distribution- o	origin and evolution	of major groups of	
-TIV	fishes, evolutionary st	rategies and mo	orphological innovation	ons, gene and genome	
Б Н	duplication, evolutio	onary genetics,	biogeographical d	listribution, methods	
-20	employed in phylogenetic studies and fish identification, fish barcoding.				
UNIT-2 -15Hours	Fish as a research m regulation- propulsive biomodelling, bioener internal transport and physiology, hematolo transport, osmoionic metabolism.	odel. Body form systems, hydro getics, strategie homeostasis- aq ogy, fish leucoo regulation, aci	m, swimming mecha odynamic analyses, sy s for buoyancy regul juatic and aerial respi cytes, phagocytes, ly d- base balance, nit	misms and buoyancy wimming modes, fish lation. Gas exchange, ration, cardiovascular ymphoid organs, gas trogen excretion and	
UNIT-3 -20 Hours	Sensory systems– electroreception. Adap stressors. Growth and and hormones, enviro nutrient digestibility in	photoreception ptations to envir l metabolism- re nmental factors n fishes, nutritio	n, chemoreception, conmental extremes- t egulation of food int and feed intake, digo nal energetic, growth	mechanoreception, temperature, pressure, ake by neuropeptides estive physiology and	

	Defense mechanism- integument and Immune system, development of immune				
	system, cells and tissues of the fish immune system, modulators of fish immune				
S	responses, humoral and cell mediated immune defense, fish antibody molecules				
r-4 oun	and their effector functions. Reproduction- reproductive strategies,				
IN O	environmental and endocrine factors regulating reproductive cycles, hormonal				
-20	and molecular mechanisms of oogenesis, spermatogenesis, oocyte maturation				
	and spermiation, fertilization, mechanism of sex determination, maternal factors				
	in early development.				
	Endocrines- piscine endocrine glands, hormones and their role in appetite,				
<u>ب</u>	osmoregulation, calcium metabolism, cardiovascular regulation and behaviour,				
STU S-TI	hormone receptors in fish, endocrine disruption, behaviour and cognition -				
NU	patterns of migration, orientation and homing, schooling, feeding, background				
151	adaptations, parental care.				
ED	1. Biology of Fishes, Bone, Q. and Moore, R., Talyor and Francis Group,				
L S N	2. The Physiology of Fishes, Evans, D. H. and Claiborne, J. D., Taylor and				
DI	Francis Group, CRC Press, UK				
EA	3. The Senses of Fish Adaptations for the Reception of Natural Stimuli, von der Emde R Mogdans I and Kapoor B G Narosa Publishing House				
R SC	New Delhi, INDIA				

M.Sc(ZO	OLOGY)	IIND SEMESTER				
COURSE CODE: ZOO B03 COURSE TYPE: ECC						
COURSE TITLE: Aquatic Resources and Their Conservation						
CREDIT:6 HOURS:90						
THEORY	Y:6PRACTICAL:0	THEORY: 90 PRACTICAL: 0				
	MARKS	•				
THEORY:100(30+70) PRACTICAL: (
OBJEC	TIVE: This course is aimed	towards generating fundamental				
knowled	lge, concepts related to aquatic	resources and their conservation				
-1- rs	Riverine fisheries- important river sy	stems and their hydrological conditions,				
TIV [ou	flora and fauna with special reference	e to fisheries, dams and their impact on				
	riverine fisheries, fish ladders, inter	linking of rivers and likely impact on				
18	fisheries. Cold water fisheries - ecole	ogy of hill streams, biology of important				
	cold water fishes of India, recreation	al fishing. Lacustrine fisheries - origin of				
	lakes and lake morphology, light, ter	nperature and density relationship in the				
	lacustrine ecosystems, heat energy a	nd water movements, oxygen and other				
	dissolved gases in lakes, pH and redo	x potential, fisheries profile and potential				
	of major Indian lakes.					
	Estuarine fisheries- major estuarine s	systems of India, hydrography, flora and				
5	fauna with special reference to fisheric	es. Marine fisheries – coastal and deep sea				
1-2- 1 1 1 1 2	fisheries, permanent and seasonal stratification, upwelling, the photic zone,					
	control of primary production by light and nutrients availability, chemical					
U 18	properties of sea water, biology of important fishes (sardine, mackerel, tuna),					
	marine protected areas.					
	Integrated resources- coastal wet lands, mangroves, coral reefs, sea grasses					
Č.	their conservation. Fishing technique	es technologies for localizing catches-				
-3- urs	remote sensing, sonar, radar; cra	remote sensing, sonar, radar; crafts and gears. Stock assessment and				
UIT Ho	management.					
U 18.						

	Natural markers- morphological analyses, environmental signals, genetic
-4- Durs	analyses; Applied markers- marking and tagging, Stock identification data
	analysis - stock composition analysis, age and growth, fecundity estimation,
	application of statistical methods in fisheries. Fish conservation- fishing laws
	and regulation, permitting. Post harvest technology Fish spoilage, rigor mortis,
NIN NIN	rancidity, enzymatic spoilage, microbial spoilage; Fish preservation and
U 18	processing- handling of fish at harvest/onboard, principles of fish preservations,
	methods of preservation, problems associated with fish preservations, quality
	control, fishery by-products.
	Aquatic pollution- types and sources, impact of pollution on aquatic organisms,
5	ecosystem analysis- bio-indicators, biomonitoring, environmental factors and
-5- W	fish health, xenobiotics. Waste management- national and international
NIN No	standards. Extension services - basic principles and emerging issues of
U 18	extension, role of information and communication technology in fisheries
	extension.
S D	1. Computers in Fisheries Research, Megrey, B. A. and Moksness, E. (2009),
TE	Springer, USA 2 Biological Invasions in Marine Ecosystems Ecological Management and
ES	<i>Geographic Perspectives</i> . Rilov, G. and Jeffrey, A. C. (2009), Springer-
GG	Verlag, GERMANY
RI RI	3. Handbook of Fisheries and Aquaculture, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, ICAR, (2006), DIPA, New Delhi, INDIA

M.Sc(ZC	(ZOOLOGY) IIND SEMESTER					
COURSE CODE: ZOO B04 COURSE TYPE: ECO						
COURSE TITLE: Aquaculture						
CREDIT:6 HOURS:90						
THEOR	Y: 6 PRACTICAL:0	THEORY: 90	PRACTICAL: 0			
	MARK	S				
	THEORY: 100(30+70) PRACTICAL:0					
OBJECTIVE: The purpose of this course is to make students understand Aquaculture. This knowledge is crucial for better development and management of aquaculture						
-1- rs	Culture technology- freshwater (car	os, catfishes, murrels	s, prawns), brackish			
-TII	water (asian sea-bass, milk fish, mulle	ets, crabs, shrimps), n	nariculture (mussels,			
UN 18 H	oysters, sea weeds), fish food organisi	ns (algae; A <i>rtemia</i> ; zo	ooplankton).			
-2- rs	Water Quality Requirements for Aquaculture- Role of temperature, pH, salinity,					
-TIV OUI	dissolved oxygen, ammonia, nitrite, nitrate, phosphate, Biological oxygen demand,					
	Chemical oxygen demand. Integrated farming - fish-cum-live stock farming,					
18	paddy-cum-fish farming, aquaculture engineering- aquahouse, hatchery, ponds,					
	race ways, recirculating system, cage, pen.					
S S	Fish seed technology - natural collection, bundh breeding, induced breeding,					
-TIV	cryopreservation of gametes. Transport	of finfish and shellfis	sh- transport of eggs,			
	fry, fingerlings and adults. Nutrition of	aquatic animals - nut	ritional requirements			
18	of commercially important finfish and s	hellfish, dietary requir	rements of larvae and			
	brooders, feed types, manufacture and	ingredients, anit- nutr	itional factors in fish			
	feed ingredients and their treatments, u	ise of attractants and	growth stimulants in			
	fish feeds, alternative protein sources ir	aquaculture diets, fee	ding techniques, role			
	of probiotics in nutrition.					

UNIT-4- 18 Hours	Setting up of display aquarium- freshwater and marine aquaria, selection of compatible species, breeding of aquarium fishes. Role of genetics in aquaculture– gynogenesis, androgenesis, triploidy, tetraploidy, hybridization, sex reversal and breeding, production of transgenic fish, impact of GMOs on aquatic biodiversity.
UNIT-5- 18 Hours	Fish health- infection and diseases in fish, common fish pathogens, routes of pathogen entry in fish, methods of colonization and spread of pathogens, immune - evasion mechanisms of fish pathogens. Environmental impact of aquaculture-aquacultural wastes and future developments in waste minimization, environmental consequences of hypernutrification. Fish vaccines-strategy and use in aquaculture.
SUGGESTED READINGS	 Fishponds in Farming Systems, Zijpp, V. D., Verreth, J. A. J., Tri, L. Q., van Mensvoort, M. E. F., Bosma, R. H., and Beveridge, M. C. M., Wageningen Academic Publishers, Netherlands. Aquaculture Principles and Practices, Pillay, T. V. R., Blackwell Publishing, USA Aquaculture and Fisheries Biotechnology Genetic Approaches, Dunham, R. A., CABI Publishing, USA.

M. Sc. in ZOOLOGY FACULTY OF LIFE SCIENCE THIRD SEMESTER (ODD SEMESTER)

Eligibility Criteria (Qualifying Exams)	Course Code	Course Type	Course (Paper/Subjects)	Credits	C Ho V	onta urs l VeeF	ct Per K	Eos Dura (Hr	SE ition 's.)
Linums)					L	Т	P	Thy	Р
arrear	ZOO 301	CCC	Comparative Animal Physiology	5	4	2	00	3	00
er of back/	ZOO 311	CCC	Comparative Animal Physiology- LABORATORY WORK	2	00	00	3	00	3
qu	ZOO302	CCC	Developmental Biology	5	4	2	00	3	00
any nu	ZOO 312	CCC	Developmental Biology – LABORATORY WORK	2	00	00	3	00	3
tive of	ZOO 303	CCC	Immunology	5	4	2	00	3	00
in the Second semester examination irrespect papers	ZOO 313	CCC	Immunology- – LABORATORY WORK	2	00	00	3	00	3
	ZOO S02	OSC	INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY, HUMAN RIGHTS & ENVIRONMENT: BASICS	6	4	3	00	3	00
	ZOO C 01	ECC/CB	TRIBAL STUDIES						
	ZOOC02	ECC/CB	Molecular Endocrinology and Reproduction- Neuroendocrinology						
	ZOOC 03	ECC/CB	Molecular Endocrinology and Reproduction - Molecular Endocrinology	6	4	3	00	3	00
ter appearing	ZOO C 04	ECC/CB	Molecular Endocrinology and Reproduction - Biology of Reproduction						
Af				TOTAL= 33					

M.Sc (Z	OOLOGY)	IIIRD SEMESTER				
COURSE CODE: ZOO 301		COURSE TYPE: CCC				
	COURSE TITLE: Comparative Animal Physiology					
	CREDIT:7 HOURS:135					
THEOR	Y: 5 PRACTICAL:2	THEORY: 90PRACTICAL: 45				
	MARK	S				
THEORY: 100 (30+70) PRACTICAL:33						
OBJE	CTIVE: This course is aimed	towards generating fundamental				
knowle	dge of comparative animal phys	siology. This knowledge is crucial				
for be	tter development and manag	gement of comparative animal				
physiol	Ogy.	Suctours of singulation Desighand				
-1- UrS	Internal Transport and Gas Exchang	ge – Systems of circulation, Peripheral				
lin	circulation, Regulation of heart beat ar	nd blood pressure, Transport and exchange				
U 5 H	of gases, Neural and chemical regulat	ion of respiration, Gas transfer in air and				
1:	water, Gas exchangers,					
S 5	Circulatory and respiratory responses t	o extreme conditions, Acid -base balance,				
-TII	Regulation of body pH.					
UN H	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
20						
l i						
÷ .	Osmoregulation Osmoregulation in aq	uatic and terrestrial environments, Kidney				
-TI	functions and diversity, Extra-renal os	moregulatory organs, Patterns of nitrogen				
NU H	excretion. Thermoregulation - Heat bala	ance in animals, Adaptations to temperature				
15	extremes, torpor, Aestivation and hibe	ernation, Counter current heat exchangers.				
	Adaptations to Stress- basic concer	ot of environmental stress, acclimation,				
	acclimatization avoidance and tolerance stress and hormonas					
	Sensing the Environment, photorecet	tion chemorecention mechanorecention				
L.S.	schologation Endegenous and	high and the second sec				
[-4- 0U	echolocation, Endogenous and exogen	ious biological mynims, Chromatophores				
IN H	and bioluminescence.					
U 25	C 22 C 1					

	Feeding mechanisms and their control, effect of starvation. Muscle physiology -
5- urs	striated and smooth muscle, Adaptations of muscles for various activities,
	Neuronal control of muscle contraction. Electric organs.
-TII Hoi	
UN 5 H	
Ι	
	1. Observe and compare the inherent rhythmicity of the different parts of the heart.
	2. Determine the effects of application of parasympathetic or sympathetic agonists/ antagonists.
	3. Assessing physical and chemical modifiers of heart rate in frog.
ORY V-311	4. Determine the response of the heart to direct electrical stimulation / vagal stimulation.
(EN	5. Effects of drugs and hormones on contraction of smooth muscles.
BOJ	6. Demonstration of tetany, action current and fatigue in muscle.
LA WO	7. To study the effect of load on muscle contraction.
	8. Concentration / dispersal of pigment in isolated scales of dark / light adapted fish.
	9. To examine the relative activity of enzymes in the fore, mid, and hindgut of a typical insect and to correlate the enzyme activity with gut regions.
	10. To determine the median threshold concentration of sucrose for housefly population.
0 -	1. General and Comparative Animal Physiology, Hoar W. S. (ed), Prentice
STEI	Hall, India 2. Comparative Physiology (Handbook of Physiology): Vol. 1, 2, Dantzler,
DI	W.H. (ed.) Oxford University Press, New York, USA
GG EA	Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, UK
SU R	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

M.Sc (ZOOLOGY) IIIRD SEMESTI		
COURSE CODE:ZOO 302COURSE TY	PE: CCC	
course title: Developmental Biology		
CREDIT:7 HOURS:135		
THEORY:5PRACTICAL:2THEORY: 90PRACT	ICAL: 45	
MARKS		
THEORY: 100(30+70) PRACTICAL: 33		
OBJECTIVE: The purpose of the course is to make the students to under	erstand	
developmental biology.		
History and basic concepts: the origin of developmental biology- c	ell theory,	
E 8 mosaic and regulative development, discovery of induction, gen	netics and	
$\begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ \infty \end{bmatrix}$ development; basic concepts of developmental biology- cell div	ision, cell	
differentiation, signaling, patterning; model systems: vertebrates model	organism-	
Xenopus laevis, chicken, mammals, zebrafish; invertebrate model	organism-	
Drosophila melanogaster, Caenorhabditis elegans; identific	ation of	
developmental genes: spontaneous and induced mutation, mutant	screening,	
developmental mutations in Drosophila.		
रं ह Early embryonic development of vertebrates and invertebrates: struct	ture of the	
gametes- the sperm, the egg; cleavage and gastrulation; axes and ge	erm layers;	
$\begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ 5 $	astrulation,	
neural tube formation, cell migration; Axis specification in <i>Drosophila</i>	<i>i</i> ; origin of	
anterior- posterior and dorsal- ventral patterning- role of mater	nal genes,	
patterning of early embryo by zygotic genes; segmentation genes- the	gap genes,	
the pair- rule genes, the segment polarity genes, the homeotic select	tor genes-	
bithorax and antennapedia complex.		

-S -	General concepts of organogenesis: development of chick limb- development and
-TIV-	patterning of vertebrate limb, proximal- distal and dorso- ventral axis formation,
UN M 8	homeobox genes in patterning, signaling in patterning of the limb; insect imaginal
18	disc- determination of wing and leg imaginal discs, organizing center in patterning
	of the wing, butterfly wing development, the homeotic selector genes for
	segmental identity; insect compound eye- morphogenetic furrow, ommatidia,
	signaling, eyeless gene; kidney development- development of ureteric bud and
	mesenchymal tubules.
-4- rs	Postembryonic development: growth- cell proliferation, growth hormones; aging-
-TIV	genes involved in alteration in timing of senescence; regeneration- epimorphic
UN 8 H	regeneration of reptile (salamander) limb, requirement of nerves for the
18	proliferation of blastema cells;
-5- 5-	Embryonic stem cells and their applications; medical implications of
-TIV	developmental biology: genetic errors of human development- the nature of human
UN B H	syndromes- pleiotropy, genetic heterogeneity, phenotypic variability, mechanism
I_8	of dominance; gene expression and human disease- inborn errors of nuclear RNA
	processing, inborn errors of translation; teratogenesis- environmental assaults on
	human development- teratogenic agents like alcohol, retinoic acid etc.

	1. Study of life cycle of Drosophila melanogaster.
LABORATORY WORK (ENV-312)	2. Study of embryogenesis in <i>Drosophila</i> and pattern of gene expression in embryogenesis by <i>in situ</i> hybridization technique.
	3. Immunohistochemical staining to study the expression pattern of gap and pair- rule gene proteins.
	4. Dissection and study of larval and prepupal wing, leg and eye antennal imaginal discs of <i>Drosophila</i> .
	5. Patterning of the adult wing and demonstration of the effect of cell death on the patterning of the adult wing.
	6. Study of Homeotic gene mutations.
	7. Influence of temperature and teratogenes on animal development.
	8. Study of regeneration in <i>Hydra</i> .
ESTED DINGS	 1.Developmental Biology, Gilbert, (8th Ed., 2006) Sinauer Associates Inc., Massachusetts, USA. 2. Principles of Development, Wolpert, Beddington, Brockes, Jessell, Lawrence, Meyerowitz, (3rd Ed., 2006), Oxford University Press, New Delhi,
SUGG REAI	 INDIA. 3. Analysis of Biological Development, Kalthoff, (2nd Ed., 2000), McGraw-Hill Science, New Delhi, INDIA.

M.Sc (ZOOLOGY) IIIRD SEMEST			
COURSE	CODE: ZOO 303	COURSE TYPE: CCC	
	course title: Immunology		
	CREDIT:7	HOURS:135	
THEORY	Y: 5PRACTICAL:2	THEORY: 90 PRACTICAL: 45	
	MARI	KS	
	THEORY:100(30+70)	PRACTICAL : 34	
OBJEC	FIVE: This course is aimed	towards generating fundamental	
knowled	ge concept related to immuno	logy.	
L S	Overview of the immune system: co	omponents of the immune system, principles	
-TI	of innate and adaptive immunity, the	e recognition and effector mechanisms of the	
N H	adaptive immunity- antigen and imm	nunogenicity clonal selection theory	
30			
-2- 1.2	Antigen recognition by immune ce	lls: Adaptive immunity- antibody structure,	
-TIN Hou	antigen recognition by B lymphocyte	es, TCR, antigen recognition by T- cells, co-	
I 0 1	receptors, structure and function of	MHC complex; generation of lymphocyte	
	antigen receptors- generation of div	versity in immunoglobulins, T- cell receptor	
	gene rearrangement, structural varia	ations in immunoglobulin constant regions;	
	antigen processing and presentation	to T lymphocytes- antigen presenting cells,	
	generation of T- cell receptor liga	and, and MHC restriction, role of CD1 in	
	antigen presentation;		
-S 2-	Innate Immunity- pattern recognition	n in the innate immune system, role of TLRs	
-TIV	in innate immune response, complete	ement and innate immunity, induced innate	
T H	response to infection.		
1:			

	Effector mechanisms and regulation of immune responses: Signaling through
-4- I'S	Effector mechanisms and regulation of minimule responses. Signating unough
l IIV I IIV	immune system receptors- antigen receptor structure and signaling pathways,
UN H (other signaling pathways that contribute to lymphocyte behavior; development
2(and survival of lymphocytes- B lymphocyte development and survival, humoral
	immune response, T lymphocyte development and survival, production of
	effector T- cells, cytotoxic T- cell effector mechanisms; NK and NKT cell
	functions; mucosal immunity; immunological memory; regulation of immune
	response: cytokines and chemokines, complement system, leukocyte activation
	and migration, APC regulation of the immune response, T- cell mediated
	regulation of immune response, Immunological tolerance and allergy.
	Immunity in health and disease: introduction to infectious disease, innate
	immunity to infection, adaptive immunity to infection, evasion of the immune
S	response by pathogens; immunodeficiency diseases- inherited immunodeficiency
I-5- 1 0 UT	diseases, acquired immune deficiency syndrome; allergy and hypersensitivity-
INI H	IgE and allergic reactions, hypersensitivity diseases; autoimmunity- responses to
ц 15	self antigens, transplant rejection- responses to alloantigens; manipulation of
	immune responses, vaccines; evolution of immune system- evolution of innate
	immune system, evolution of adaptive immune system.

	 Dissection of primary and secondary immune organs from mice: a. Preparation of single cell suspension from bone marrow and spleen (spleenocytes) of mice. b. Cell counting and viability testing of the spleenocytes prepared. 2. Preparation and study of phagocytosis by spleenic/peritoneal macrophages. 3. Raising polyclonal antibody in mice, serum collection and estimating
ORY (3)	antibody titre in serum by following methods:
RAT ORK IV-31	titre.
ABO W (EN	b. ELISA
L	4. Antibody purification from the serum collected from immunized mice:
	affinity purification/chromatography.
	5. Immunoelectrophoresis.
	6. Demonstration of Western blotting:
	a. Protein estimation by Lowry's method /Bradford's method
	b. SDS-PAGE.
	c. Immunoblot analysis.
SUGGESTED READINGS	 Kuby Immunology, Richard, Thomas, Barbara, Janis, (5th Ed., 2003), W. H. Freeman and company, New York, USA. Immuno Biology- The immune system in health and disease, Janeway, Travers, Walport and Shlomchik, (6th Ed., 2005), Garland Science Publishing, New York, USA. Immunology, David, Brostoff and Roitt, (7th Ed., 2006), Mosby & Elsevier Publishing, Canada, USA.

M.Sc (Z	ZOOLOGY)	IIIRD SEMESTER
COURS	SE CODE: ZOOS 02	COURSE TYPE : OSC
COUR	SE TITLE: INTELLECTUAL P ENVIRONN	ROPERTY RIGHTS, HUMAN RIGHTS & IENT: BASICS
CREDI	T: 06	HOURS : 90
THEO	RY: 06	THEORY: 90
MARK	S: 100	
THEO	RY: 70 CCA : 30	
UNIT - 1 12 Hrs	 Understands the concept and place of Gets acquainted with various resour Becomes familiar with various tools Gets conversant with sampling tech analysis of data. Patents :- Introduction & con Subject matter of patent. Kinds of Patents. Development of Law of Patent including TRIPS Agreement Procedure for grant of patent Surrender, revocation and res Rights and obligations of Patent and le Offences and penalties 	of research in concerned subject rees for research s of research niques, methods of research and techniques of cepts, Historical Overview. ents through international treaties and conventions s & term of Patent. storation of patent. entee segal remedies
UNIT - 2 24 Hrs	 Discussion on leading cases. Meaning of Copyright, Histon Subject matter of copyright. Literary works Dramatic Works & Musical Your Computer Programme Cinematographic films Registration of Copyrights Term of Copyright and Owner Neighboring Rights Rights of Performers & Broat Assignment of Copyright. Author's Special Rights (Moor Infringement of Copyrights are Remedies against infringement of Union, Berne Convention, Union, Berne Convention, Union, Discussion on leading cases. 	prical Evolution, Works ership of Copyrights dcasters ral Rights) ind defenses nt (Jurisdiction of Courts and penalties) ncluding TRIPS Agreement WIPO, UCC, Paris NESCO.

NIT - 3) H rs	Rights: Meaning	
	Human Rights- Meaning & Essentials	
	Human Rights Kinds	
U) 1(Rights related to Life, Liberty, Equals & Disable	
	National Human Rights Commission	
4	State Human Rights Commission	
Hr:	• High Court	
NU 24	• Regional Court	
	• Procedure & Functions of High & Regional Court.	
	Right to Environment as Human Right	
2	 International Humanitarian Law and Environment 	
- 1 Irs	Environment and Conflict Management	
IN 10	• Nature and Origin of International Environmental Organisations (IEOs)	
U. 2	 Introduction to Sustainable Development and Environment 	
	Sustainable Development and Environmental Governance	
	1. G.B.Reddy, Intellectual Property Rights and Law, Gogia Law Agency,	
	Hyderabad.	
S	2. S.R.Myneni, Intellectual Property Law, Eastern Law House, Calcutta	
N	3. P Narayanan Intellectual Property Rights and Law (1999), Eastern Law	
IU	House, Calcutta, India	
IEA	4. Vikas Vashistha, Law and Practice of Intellectual Property,(1999) Bharat	
) R	Law House, New Delhi.	
IC N	5. Comish W.R Intellectual Property, 3 rd ed, (1996), Sweet and Maxwell	
ISE	6. P.S. Sangal and Kishor Singh. Indian Patent System and Paris Convention.	
<u>[6]</u>	7. Comish W.R Intellectual Property. Patents. Copyrights and Allied Rights.	
nc	(2005)	
S	8. Bibeck Debroy, Intellectual Property Rights, (1998). Rajiv Gandhi	
	Foundation.	

M.Sc (ZOOLOGY) **IIIRD SEMESTER COURSE CODE: ZOOC 01 COURSE TYPE : ECC COURSE TITLE: TRIBAL STUDIES CREDIT:** 06 HOURS : 90 THEORY: 06 90 **THEORY:** MARKS : 100 **THEORY:** 70 CCA : 30**OBJECTIVE:** Understands the concept and place of research in concerned subject Gets acquainted with various resources for research Becomes familiar with various tools of research Gets conversant with sampling techniques, methods of research and techniques of analysis of data Achieves skills in various research writings Gets acquainted with computer Fundamentals and Office Software Package. Tribal Studies : Meaning, Nature, Scope, Need & importance of tribal studies. **12 Hrs** - TINU Meaning, Definition & characteristics of Tribe, Caste & Race. Scheduled Tribe in India : Population Composition of tribal, classification of **UNIT - 2** Indian Tribe – Racial, Lingual, Geographical, Cultural. **24 Hrs** Some Major Tribes in India : Santhal, Khasi, Munda, Bhils. Some Major Tribes in Central India : Gond, Baiga, Bharia, Korkus. **Iliteracy**: Poverty, Indebt ness, Unemployment, migration & Exploitation Environmental & Degradation. **TINU Problem of Health and sanitation :** rs H 01 Prostitution, Culture Decay due to assimilation. Replacement & Rehabilitation of Tribal population. Welfare-Concept, Characteristics: Tribal Welfare in post independence **24 Hrs** - TINU period. Constitutional provision & safe guard after independence, Legislation & **Reservation Policy.**

	Tribal Development Programs for Scheduled Tribes : Medical, Education,
UNIT - 5 20 Hrs	Economy, Employment & Agriculture Evaluation of Programs
	Tribal Welfare & Advisory Agencies in India : Role of NGO's in tribal development, Role of Christian missionaries in tribal welfare & development. Tribal Welfare Administration.
	Tribal Development In India (Orissa) by Dr. Taradutt
TEL	Books on Tribal studies by PK Bhowmik
GES	Books on 'Tribal Studies' by W.G. Archer
UG(REA	
S _	

M.Sc (ZOOLOGY)		IIIRD SEMESTER
COURSE CODE: ZOO C02		COURSE TYPE: ECC/CB
C	OURSE TITLE: Molecular Endo	crinology and Reproduction-
	Neuroendo	crinology
THEOD	CREDIT:6	HOURS:90
THEOR	Y: 6 PRACTICAL:0	THEORY: 90 PRACTICAL:0
	MAN	K5
	THEORY:100(30+70)	PRACTICAL:0
OBJ	ECTIVE: The purpose of the cours	se is to make the students to understand
moleo	cular endocrinology and reproduct	ion neuroendocrinology.
-1- rs	General organization of neuro	endocrine organs and nervous system.
-TII	Neuroanatomy: form, varieties	and distribution of neurons; Structural
	characteristics of neurons; Stereota	xic atlas of rat brain and the hypothalamus.
18	Neurophysiology: electrical prope	rties of neurons and propagation of nerve
	impulses; Synapse: types, structu	re and function. Neurotransmitter and its
	release: Neuromodulation:	
	Neurotransmitter vs. neuropentides	Superior transmission: role of G protein
T-2 UrS	Neurotransmitter vs neuropeptides	, Synaptic transmission. Tole of G-protein
IN I	coupled, glutamate and on-channel	inked receptors; GABA/glutamate neurons
1 8 1	in adult preoptic area: sexual dimor	phism and function.
-1		
-5 S	The hypothalamo- hypophyseal axi	s. Hypothalamo- vascular system. Hormones
-TII	from hypothalamus: chemistry and	physiology of releasing and release inhibiting
UN H	hormones; Regulation of hypoth	alamic hormone secretion. Hypothalamo-
18	hypophyseal interactions with the	gonads, adrenal and other endocrine organs.
	Diversity of ovarian steroid signal	ing in the hypothalamus. Development and
	cytology of pituitary gland. Re	gulation of pituitary hormone secretion.
	Neurohypophysis: synthesis and sto	rage of oxytocin and vasopressin; Regulation
	of the release of neurohypophyseal	hormones. Concepts of feed-back inhibition

4 S	Regulation of the expression of POMC-related peptides and their differential
-TIV	expression in brain and pituitary. Environment and reproduction. Endocrine
	disruptors; Embryonic diapauses and other adaptive mechanisms. Biological
18	clock and the pineal: synthesis and regulation of melatonin, phylogeny of
	pinealocytes, role of pineal in circadian rhythms, regulation of pineal by SCN
	and vice versa, physiological actions of melatonin, biological clock and clock
	gene expression, fluoride and pineal.
-5- 72	Neuroendocrine regulation of immune system; Stress hormones and immune
-TIV	responses; Regulation of systemic homeostasis by nervous and immune system
TH &	interactions. Melatonin, immune responses and cancer therapy. Neuroendocrine
18	disorders: genetic versus environmental cause. Principles and application of
	techniques: electrophysiology, immunocytochemistry, in situ hybridization,
	autoradiography, in vitro perifusion
SUGGESTED READINGS	 An Introduction to Neuroendocrinology, Brown R., (1994), Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, UK Psychoneuroimmunology, , Ader R, Felten D.L. and edited by Nicholas C. (4th Ed., 2007), Academic Press, UK Endocrinology (3 volumes set), <i>DeGroot</i> L. J. and Jameson J.L., Editors, (5th Ed., 2006), Saunders Elsevier Press, USA.

M.Sc (Z	M.Sc (ZOOLOGY) IIIRD SEMESTER			IIRD SEMESTER	
COURSE CODE: ZOO C03COURSE TYPE: ECC/C			E TYPE: ECC/CB		
COURS	COURSE TITLE: Molecular Endocrinology and Reproduction-Molecular				
Endocrinology					
	CDE				
			JKS:90		
THEOR	XY: 6	PRACTICAL:0	THEORY: 90	PRACTICAL: 0	
		MAKK	.5		
	THEORY:	100 (30+70)	PRACT	TICAL:0	
OBJE	CTIVE: The	purpose of the course	is to make the stud	ents to understand	
molecula	ar endocrinolo	by and reproduction n	euroendocrinology.		
-1-	Discovery of	hormones as chemica	l signals for contro	l and regulation of	
LIN NO	physiological processes. Nature of hormonal actions. Major questions in biology				
	of hormones.	Techniques for quantitat	ion of hormones. Des	gn and development	
of hormonal assays.					
-2- rS	Structure of peptide and protein hormones. Purification and characterization of				
-TI	hormones. Structure-Function relationships in different hormones. Phylogenic				
NN H	analysis of hormonal structures and functions. Biosynthesis of protein hormones.				
20	Storage and secretion of hormones: molecular mechanisms of regulation.				
	Transprintion	al and post transcriptional	I machanisms of horm	one biogynthesis and	
l-3-	Transcriptional and post-transcriptional mechanisms of normone biosynthesis and				
Iol	secretion. Regulation of biosynthesis and secretion. Inhibitors of hormone				
U D H	biosynthesis and their use.				
2(
4 S	Nature of hor	rmonal effects and action	s. Discovery of recep	tors in target tissues.	
no	Mechanisms	of hormone action and	signal attenuation S	ignal discrimination,	
NA H	signal transdu	action and signal amplific	cation in hormone rea	gulated physiological	
15	processes. Str	ructural requirements for	successful hormone-	receptor interactions.	
	Receptor anta	gonists and their applicati	ons. Metabolism of he	ormones by target and	
	non-target tic	sues Pharmacokination	of hormones Horm	ones and behavior	
				iones and ochavior-	
	cellular and m	nolecular actions of semio	chemicals.		

UNIT-5 20 Hours	Hormones as therapeutic agents. Current developments in design and production of hormonal contraceptives. Recombinant protein hormones-production and application in regulation of fertility in farm animals and humans. Evolution of chemical communication in animal systems. Unsolved problems in hormonal
	biology.
SUGGESTED READINGS	 Peer reviewed journal articles, monographs and reviews as and when recommended. Molecular Biology of Steroid and Nuclear Hormone receptors, ed. Freedman L. P., (1998), Birkhauser, Boston, USA Biochemical actions of hormones, ed. Litwack, G. (1985), Academic press, New York, USA

M.Sc (Z	ZOOLOGY)	IIIRD SEMESTER			
COURS	SE CODE: ZOO C04 CO	COURSE TYPE: ECC/CB			
	COURSE TITLE: Endocrinology and Reproduction -				
	Biology of Reproduction				
	CREDIT:6 HOURS:90				
THEORY: 6 PRACTICAL: 0 THEORY: 90 PRACTICAL:					
	MARKS				
	THEORY: 100 (30+70) P	RACTICAL:0			
OBJE	ECTIVE: The purpose of the course is to make the	ne students to understand			
molecula	llar endocrinology and reproduction neuro-endocrin	ology.			
-1- rs	Sex determination and differentiation: Mechanis	m of Sex determination,			
-TI	differentiation of gonad and the genital tract.				
NN H					
18					
	Stem cell renewal in testis, Spermatogenesis: struct	ural and molecular events,			
-TII	experimental approaches to study spermatogenesis; Seminiferous epithelial				
IN H	cycle; Sertoli cell: structure and function: Levdig cell: generation of Levdig				
18	cell steroidogenesis: Levdig and Sertoli cell proliferation during foetal and				
	cell, steroidogenesis; Leydig and Sertoli cell proliferation during foetal and				
	postnatal development; Regulation of testicular func	tions.			
-5 S	Epididymal maturation of spermatozoa; Capacita	ation, Signal transduction			
-TII	pathway in acrosome reaction; Male sterility: azoospermia, oligozoospermia,				
ND H	asthenozoospermia, varicocele: Genetic basis for male infertility Mutational				
18	analysis in gapes for hormones, resenter and compts development				
	analysis in genes for normones, receptor and gamete	development.			
-4- rs	Follicular development and selection; Role of extra	a-and intra-gonadal factors			
no	in folliculogenesis; Oocyte maturation and its reg	ulation; Ovulation: factors			
IN H	involved in follicular rupture; Luteinization and lut	teolysis; Follicular atresia.;			
18	Regulation of reproductive cycle in female: menstru	al cycle in human estrous			
	regulation of reproductive cycle in female. mensue				
	cycle in rat, estrous benaviour in cycling anim	iais, remaie reproductive			
	disorder: amenorrhea, polycystic ovary.				

UNIT-5- 18 Hours	Fertilization: A comparative account on pre-fertilization events in oviparous animals (echinoderms-amphibians-mammals), activation of egg, candidate molecules involved in fertilization; Contraception leading to prevention of polyspermy: surgical, hormonal and immunocontraception.
SUGGESTED READINGS	 The Physiology of Reproduction, Vol 1 and 2, Ernst Knobil and Jimmy D. Neil, (ed), Raven Press. Male Reproductive Function, Christina Wang, (ed), Kluwer Academic Publishers. The ovary, (ed), Solly Zuckerman Zuckerman, Barbara J. Weir, T. G. Baker. Academic Press. The ovary, Peter C.K. Leung and Eli Y. Adashi, (ed), Elsevier (Academic Press), 2004. Cell and Molecular Biology of Testis, (ed), Claude Desjardins and Larry L. Ewing. Oxford University Press, USA Reproductive Endocrinology: Physiology, Pathophysiology, and Clinical Management, Samuel S. C. Yen, Robert B. Jaffe, Robert L. Barbieri, (ed), Saunders publisher. USA.

M. Sc. in ZOOLOGY FACULTY OF LIFE SCIENCE FOURTH SEMESTER (EVEN SEMEST

Eligibility Criteria (Qualifying Exams)	Course Code	Course Type	urse pe Course (Paper/Subjects) Credits Contact WeeK		ct Per K	r EoSE Duration (Hrs.)			
					L	Т	Р	Thy	Р
r of	ZOO 401	CCC	Animal Behavior	5	4	2	00	3	00
ay numbe	ZOO 411	CCC	Animal Behavior- laboratory work	2	00	00	3	00	3
ve of an	ZOO 402	CCC	Biology of Parasitism	5	4	2	00	3	00
tester examination irrespectiv ack/ arrear papers	ZOO 412	CCC	Biology of Parasitism laboratory work	2	00	00	3	00	3
	ZOO 403	CCC	Comparative Endocrine Physiology	5	4	2	00	3	00
	ZOO 413	CCC	Comparative Endocrine Physiology - laboratory work	2	00	00	3	00	3
rd ser b	ZOO 421	SSC/PRJ	DISSERTATION	6	00	00	9	00	4
ing in the Thi	ZOOD 01	ECC/CB	Genomics, Metagenomics and Epigenetics- Genomics	6	4	3	00	3	00
fter appear	ZOOD 02	ECC/CB	Metagenomics - Epigenetics- Chromatin Biology						
W				TOTAL= 32					

M.Sc (ZOOLOGY)				VTH SEMESTER	
COURSE CODE: ZOO 401			CO	URSE TYPE: CCC	
	COL	J RSE TITLE: A	nimal Behav	ior	
	CRE	DIT:7	HOU	JRS:135	
THEORY	7. 5	PRACTICAL ·2		PRACTICAL · 45	
THEOR	L. J	MARK	S	TRACIICAL, 43	
	THEORY:	100(30+70)	PRACT	TICAL:33	
OBJEC	CTIVE: Th	e purpose of the course	is to make the stud	dents to understand	
about the	animal beha	viour			
rs rs	Introduction	- definition, historical o	out line, patterns of b	behaviour, objectives	
no LIN	of behaviou	r, mechanism of behav	iour, asking questio	ons. Reflexes- reflex	
U B H S	action, types	s of reflexes, reflex arch	, characteristics of r	eflexes and complex	
-18	behaviour.	Orientation primary a	and secondary orio	entation; kinesis –	
	orthokinesis, klinokinesis; taxis – different kinds of taxis; sun-compass				
	orientation dorsal-light reaction				
	Fusociality	social organization in	honey bee polyphe	nism and its neural	
T-2 urs	Eusocianty, social organization in noney bee, poryphenisin and its neural				
IN Ho	control, flower recognition, displacement and translocation experiment,				
1 8	various type of communications, production of new queen and hive,				
	swarming, honey bee as super organism.				
	Fixed action	pattern: mechanism, dep	privation experiment,	, controversies. FAP-	
no	characteristics and evolutionary features. Learning and instincts: conditioning,				
	habituation, sensitization, reasoning.				
18					

-4- rs	Innate releasing mechanisms: key stimuli, stimulus filtering, supernormal
-TIV	stimuli, open and closed IRM, mimetic releaser, code breakers. Homeostasis
	and behaviour: motivational system, physiological basis of motivation, control
18	of hunger drive in blow fly and thirst drive in goat, role of hormone,
	motivational conflict and decision making, displacement activity, models of
	motivation, measuring motivation. Hormones and pheromones influencing
	behaviour of animals.
-2- .'S	Altruism - reciprocal altruism, group selection, kin selection and inclusive
-TII	fitness, cooperation, alarm call. Parental care, parental manipulation,
	evolutionarily stable strategy, cost benefit analysis of parental care with suitable
18	case studies. Sexual selection: intra sexual selection (male rivalry), inter-sexual
	selection (female choice), infanticide, sperm competition, mate guarding, sexual
	selection in human, consequences of mate choice for female fitness, monogamous
	verses polygamous sexual conflict.
	1. To study the responses of woodlice to hygrostimuli.
RY	2. To study the geotaxis behaviour of earthworm.
DRATO VORK NV411)	3. To study the orientational responses of 1st instar noctuid larvae to photo stimuli.
LAB(4. To study the median threshold concentration of sucrose solution in eliciting feeding responses of housefly.
	5. To study the orientational responses of larvae to volatile and visual stimuli.
	1. <i>Mechanism of Animal Behaviour</i> , Peter Marler and J. Hamilton; John Wiley & Sons, USA
ED	2 Animal Behaviour, David McFarland, Pitman Publishing Limited, London, UK
INC NC	3 Animal Behaviour, John Alcock, Sinauer Associate Inc., USA
EE	Wiley & Sons, USA
JG.	5 Exploring Animal Behaviour, Paul W. Sherman & John Alcock, Sinauer Associate
SI R	Inc. , Massachusetts, USA
	University Press, UK
	7. Animal Behaviour by Ranga M.M. Agrobios, Jodhpur, India

M.Sc (ZOOLOGY)			Ι	VTH SEMESTER	
COURSE CODE: ZOO 402			COURSE TYPE: CCC		
COURSE TITLE: Biology of Parasitism				sm	
	CRED	IT:7	HOU	RS:135	
THEORY:	5 PRACTICAL:2 THEORY: 90 PRACTICAL:4				
		MARKS			
	THEORY:1	00(30+70)	PRACT	TICAL:33	
OBJECT	IVE: The p	urpose of the course is	to make the stude	ents to understand	
biology of pa	arasitism				
S	1 General	organization and cla	ssification of par	rasitic protozoa .2	
mr	Morpholog	, Life cycle ,Mode of i	nfection- Endameba	a. 3 Morphology	
Ho	Life cycle	mode of infection -Tryn	anosome 4 Mornh	ology. Life cycle in	
8	,Ene cycle			lology, Life cycle in	
Ι	Guardia .6 Life cycle and infection of plasmodium .				
S	1 Gastro intestinal nematodes-Ascaris.2 Morphology life cycle in				
8 ur	Wuchereia. 3 Morphology life cycle in Ancylostoma .4 Life cycle of				
I Ho	Enterobius vermicularis .5 Trichinella .6 Dracanculus .				
	1.0 1	· .• 1 1 • .0• .		21:0 1 0	
S	1 General organigation and classification parasitic Cestodes .2. Life cycle of				
81 18	pox.				
] He	boy .				
SJ	Bacterial disease -1 Tuberculosis .2 Leprosy .3 Fungal diseases –Mycosis				
18 10	.4 Reproduction in bacteria (Asexual and Sexual)5 Life cycle and infection				
H	-Leismania.				
	Diseases tra	nsmitted by Insects and T	icks- 1 Sleeping sick	ness .2 Malaria 3	
SJ	Rickettesiae .4 Plant parasite nematods .5 Gastro intestinal Helminthes –				
18 0u	biology and	life cycle Systosoma .			
H					

TORY K 112)	 Study of prepared slides and museum specimens of selected parasites of representative groups of protozoans, helminths and arthropods. Demonstration of <i>in vitro</i> culture of <i>Plasmodium</i>, infection of mice with <i>Plasmodium</i>, chasing the process of infection by histopathology and immune reactions.
LABORA WOR (ZOO-2	3. Culturing insect parasitic nematode, and chasing the lifecycle of the nematode on the insect host.4. Culturing an insect parasitoid and studying their infection on an insect host.
	5. Studying the infection of tomato plant by root knot nematode.
SUGGESTED READINGS	 Foundations of Parasitology, Roberts L.S. and Janovy J., McGraw-Hill Publishers, New York, USA. Modern Parasitology: A Textbook of Parasitology, FEG Cox., Wiley- Blackwell, U. K.

M.Sc (ZOOLOGY)			IVTH SEMESTER		
COURSE CODE: ZO	O 403	COL	COURSE TYPE: CCC		
COURSE	FITLE: Comparativ	e Endocrine Phy	siology		
	•	U			
CREDIT:7		HOURS:135			
THEORY: 5	PRACTICAL:2	THEORY: 90 PRACTICAL:45			
	MARK	S			
THEORY: 100(30+70)		PRACTICAL:0			
OBJECTIVE: The purpose of the course is to make the students to understand					
Endocrine physiology					

-1- rs	Concept of endocrinology: introduction to the endocrine system, classes of
-TIV DU	hormones, modes of hormone secretion. Phylogeny of endocrine system.
	Endocrine control of various physiological mechanisms in nemerteans,
I	annelids, mollusks, arthropods (Insects and crustaceans) and
	echinodermates.
2 5	Comparative aspects of endocrine physiology in vertebrates. Evolution of
-TIV	pituitary gland; Physiological actions of pituitary hormones. Urophysis and
8 H	action of its hormone(s). Evolution of discrete adrenal gland; Synthesis of
I	corticosteroid, structural diversity of glucocorticoids among vertebrates,
	role of glucocorticoid in gluconeogenesis;
4 S	Evolution of renin-angiotensin system, hormonal control of water and
-TIF	electrolyte balance; Catecholamine biosynthesis, its storage and release
	mechanism, physiological actions of adrenal medullary hormones;
18	Importance of adrenocortical and adrenomedullary interaction.
	Evolution of thyroid gland. Thyroid hormone synthesis and its regulation,
S	paradigms of thyroid hormone action in poikilotherms and homeotherms. A
[-4- Dur	comparative account of parathyroid gland and ultimobranchial body/C
	cells, synthesis of parathyroid hormone, calcitonin and of vitamin D3;
L 18	benthic organisms and source of vitamin D; hormonal regulation of
	calcium and phosphate homeostasis.
	Hormonal control of feeding behaviour and gastrointestinal tract
-TIV [ou	functioning including acid release, gall bladder contraction and relaxation,
	pancreatic enzyme secretion, and GI tract motility; Pancreatic hormones
Ι	and glucose homeostasis; hormones, vitellogenesis and the evolution of
	viviparity.

CD SS	1 Comparative Vertebrate Endoeringlogy Pantley, P. J. Combridge
I N	1. Comparative venebrate Endocrinology, Bentley, F. J., Cambridge
	University Press, UK
DE	2. Vertebrate Endocrinology, Norris D. O., Elsevier Academic Press,
G	3. Hand Book of Physiology, American Physiological Society, Oxford
RE	University Press, Section 7: Multiple volumes set.
	4. The Insects: Structure and Function, Chapman, F.R., The English
•1	Language Book Society (ELBS) and The English Universities Press Ltd.
	5. The Principles of Insect Physiology Wigglesworth, V. B., ELBS and
	Chapman and Hall.
	-

M.Sc (ZOOLOGY)		IVTH SEMESTER			
COURSE CODE: ZOO D01		COURSE TYPE: ECC/CB			
COURSE TITLE: Genomics, Metagenomics and Epigenetics- Genomics					
CREDIT:6		HOURS:90			
THEORY: 6	PRACTICAL:0	THEORY:90	PRACTICAL:0		
MARKS:					
THEORY:100(30+70)		PRACTICAL:0			

OBJECTIVE: The purpose of the course is to make the students to understand Genomics. Metagenomics and Epigenetics- Genomics				
T-1- urs	Organization and structure of genomes - size, complexity, gene-complexity,			
UNI I5 Ho	genome, conserved chloroplast DNA;			
-2- Urs	organization and nature of nuclear DNA in eukaryotes; transposable			
noF	elements, retro-teaspoons, SINE, LINE, Alu and other repeat elements,			
U 15 1	pseudogenes, segmental duplications.			
-3-	Mapping genomes - physical maps, EST, SNPs as physical markers, radiation			
LIN Hou	hybrids, FISH, optical mapping, gene maps, integration of physical and			
n 1 0	genetic maps; sequencing genomes: high-throughput sequencing, strategies			
	of sequencing, recognition of coding and non-coding regions and annotation			
	of genes, quality of genome-sequence data, base calling and sequence			
	accuracy.			
	Bioinformatics - datasets, sequence analysis based on alignment, de novo			
4- urs	identification of genes, <i>in silico</i> methods. Comparative genomics - orthologs and			
	paralogs, protein evolution by exon shuffling; human genome project,			
Ho H	comparative genomics of bacteria, organelles, and eukaryotes			
U 20				

	Large scale mutagenesis and interference - genome wide gene tar					
	systematic approach, random mutagenesis, insertional mutagenesis, libraries of					
	knock-down phenocopies created by RNA interference; transcriptome analysis,					
5- Urs	DNA micro-array profiling, data processing and presentation, expression					
-TIA HOI	profiling, proteomics - expression analysis, protein structure analysis, protein-					
UN 1 03	protein interaction.					
SUGGESTED READINGS	 1.Principle of Genome Analysis and Genomics, Primrose, S. B. and Twyma R. M., (7th Ed., 2006), Blackwell Publishing Company, Malden, USA 2. Genomes 3, Brown, T. A., Garland Science Publishing, London, UK 3. Bioinformatics: Sequence and Genome Analysis, Mount, D. W., Col Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, New York, USA 					

M.Sc (ZOOLOGY)		IVTH SEMESTER			
COURSE CODE: ZOO D02		COURSE TYPE: ECC/CB			
COURSE TITLE: Metagenomics- Epigenetics and Chromatin Biology					
CREDIT:6		HOURS:90			
THEORY: 6 PRACTICAL:0		THEORY: 90 PRACTICAL:0			
MARKS:					
	THEORY: 100(30+70)	PRACTICAL:0			
OBJEC Genomics,	IIVE: The purpose of the course i Metagenomics and chromatin biology	s to make the students to understand			
	Chromatin structure - basic organization of a eukaryotic genome; histone -				
-TIN	structure and function; nucleosome as the fundamental particle; 30 nm				
54	chromatin fibers, higher order stru	cture of chromatin, chromatin-territories;			
2(intra-nuclear spatial organization of chromatin: MARs and SARs and the importance				
2 5	Epigenetics - from phenomenon to	Epigenetics - from phenomenon to field, a brief history of epigenetics -			
-TI	E overview and concepts; chromatin modifications and their mech				
Nn H	concept of 'histone-code' hypothesis, epigenetics in saccharomyces ca				
26	position effect variegation, heterochromatin formation, and gene silencing in				
	Drosophila				
τ s	fungal models for epigenetic research: Schizosaccharomyces pombe and				
-TIV	Neurospora crassa; epigenetics of ciliates; RNAi and heterochromatin				
UH0	assembly, role of noncoding RNAs; epigenetic regulation in plants				
7					
-4- 2	Chromatin structure and epigeneti	cs marks - transcriptional silencing by			
UNIT- Hou	polycomb group proteins, transcriptional regulation by trithorax group proteins,				
	histone variants and epigenetics , epigenetic regulation of chromosome				
13	inheritance, epigenetic regulation of the X chromosomes in C.elegans, dosage				
	compensation in Drosophila, dos	age compensation in mammals; types			
	mechanism of chromatin remodeling.				
5 S	Epigenetics and genome imprint	ing - DNA methylation in mammals,			
-TII	genomic imprinting in mammals, germ line and pluripotent stemcells,				
U 5 H	epigenetic control of lymphopoi	esis, nuclear transplantation and the			
<i>I</i> .	reprogramming of the genome. ep	igenetics and human disease, epigenetic			
	determinants of cancer.				

SUGGESTED READINGS

 Epigenetics, C. David Allis and Thomas Jenuwein, (2007)Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, New York, USA
 Molecular Biology of Gene, Watson et al., (5th Ed. 2004), Pearson Education, Delhi, INDIA